The Centre Reporter.

VOL. XC. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917 NO. 9

PUBLIC LIBRARY FOR STATE COLLEGE

Boro School Board Provides Site and Carnegie Association to Give $7,500 for the Building.

The State College Times, in its issue last week, appears happy over the fact that a public library for that town is about to become a reality. The Times says :

State College is to have a Public Library !

For several years plans have been formulated and efforts put forth to secure a library building for the borough. An association was formed several years ago with Burgess J. L. Holmes, president, and the following committee : Prof. I. L. Foster, Dr. E. W. Runkel, Rev J. McK. Reiley, M. P. McDowell, Thos. I. Mairs, Mrs. G. G. Pond, Mrs. Frank Gardner, Mrs. F. L. Pattee, Mrs. W. L. Foster, Miss Mary Rupp. The association recently has been confronted with the necessity of making provisions at once for the care of 2100 volumes already in their keeping. These have been kept in the High School building but it has been necessary to use this room for school purposes recently.

Burgess Holmes has been keeping Uncle Sam busy caring for his correspondence on the library building proposition. As Carnegie had given the Pennsylvania State College the magnificent library building on the campus, it was not thought probable that he would build another here. But Burgess Holmes went gunning for him and his heart was made glad this week by the receipt of a letter from the Carnegie Corporation announcing that they had decided to give State College $7500 for the erection of a building provided a site was provided and an appropriation secured for the maintenance of the library. In less than twenty-four hours Mr. Holmes had a meeting called of the Board of School Directors and they agreed to give the site, and Council has passed a motion giving $720 a year for keeping the library going after it is erected.

As a result of this activity, the borough of State College is assured a public library.

The library building will be located on Frazier street upon one of two sites that are now under consideration. One of these is between the grade school building and the Presbyterian church, and the other is on the corner of Frazier street and Nittany avenue. Two years are allowed by the Carnegie Organization for the completion of the building which probably will not be started at once on account of the present high price of material.

The building will be one story with a large basement. The main floor will be all in one room.

Over 38,000 Autos owned by Farmers in State.

One out of every six farmers in Pennsylvania own an automobile and one out of every one hundred farmers owns an an auto truck according to statistics just announced by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture.

One year ago there was an automobile on every tenth farm of the State and the total number was estimated at 22,608 but during 1916 there were purchased by the farmers 10,660 automobiles making a total of 33,268 at the present time, showing an increase of almost fifty per cent over the previous year. In 1915 there were 15,000 automobiles on the farms of the State and this number has been more than doubled in just two years.

On many farms the automobile is used for both pleasure and business, but many up-to-date farmers have added automobile trucks to their equipment and is now estimated there are about 2,150 trucks of various weights in use by the farmers of the State.

In twelve counties twenty per cent. or more farmers own motor cars and in only ten counties is there less than one machine for every tenth farmer.

Seven counties show more than a thousand farmers owning autos with Lancaster county well in the lead with a total of 2,600 automobile owned by its 10,000 farmers, or one car on every fourth farm. Philadelphia county shows one car on every third farm but the total is only 247 automobiles as there are less than 800 farmers in the county. Chester county shows twenty-four per cent. of the farmers or 1,359 owning cars while Bucks is third with 1,324 and Allegheny fourth with 1,195. Washington county farmers have 1,135 autos, Berks county 1,112 and York county shows 1,009.

Other counties in which five hundred or more farmers own automobiles are Bradford, 932 ; Erie 881 ; Mercer 866 ; Montgomery, 929 ; Somerset, 825 ; Westmoreland, 826 ; Butler, 710 ; Crawford, 782 ; Susquehanna, 753 ; Franklin, 637 ; Lehigh, 659 ; Luzerne. 643 ; Northampton, 651 ; Tioga, 621 ; Bedford, 507 ; Lebanon, 505 ; Schuylkill, 540 ; and Wayne, 551.

The Centre Reporter, $1.50 a year.

J. H. DETWILER HAS NARROW ESCAPE IN TRAIN WRECK.

Escapes With Slight Injury While His Three Hambletonian Horses are Burned.—Four Deaths Occur When Express Train Hits Derailed Freight Near Philadelphia.

Much local interest was attached to the wreck of the Adams Express train at Bristol, near Philadelphia, from the fact that John H. Detwiler, of near Centre Hall, was among those who miraculously escaped with their lives. Mr. Detwiler left Centre Hall on Saturday afternoon with three Hambletonian horses which were to have been put up for sale at Madison Square Garden beginning of this week. The express train which was conveying the animals to New York included two horse palace cars, Mr. Detwiler's horses being in the first car while directly in the rear was a similar car containing seven head of valuable horses, owned by Harry G. Dunlap, of Williamsport.

The story of the wreck as it comes from Philadelphia is as follows :

Plowing through a derailed freight train and tearing up all four tracks on the Pennsylvania railroad's New York division for 800 feet, an Adams Express train was wrecked half a mile north of Bristol Sunday morning. Four men were killed and three injured.

Of the four killed, one was the fireman of the express train, and three were attendants traveling with ten valuable race horses on their way to Madison Square Garden. Caught in the wreckage among the injured and crazed horses, these three men had no chance of escape and perished with the animals. Of the ten horses and five attendants only two attendants and three horses were rescued from the burning wreckage.

The dead are :

J. W. King, fireman of the express train, of 120 North Thirty-second street, Philadelphia.

Harry G. Dunlap, horse trainer of Williamsport.

Thomas Burrows, hostler, of Williamsport.

Thomas Donley, hostler of Williamsport.

The injured are :

P. H. Hayes, engineer of the express train, legs burned and ankle fractured, at St. Francis Hospital, Trenton, condition not serious.

Thomas Rank, of Williamsport, bruised and shocked.

William T. Hullihan, of Williamsport, bruised and shocked.

A broken journal on the freight train is blamed by railroad officials for the wreck. When the journal snapped the freight train, known as P. G. N. 21, and made up of thirty-three cars, broke in half, the rear half of the train being derailed and thrown across the east side tracks.

This was at 2:30 a. m., and the freight train had no sooner been derailed before the Adams Express train No. 2 with eleven cars, including the two horse palace cars, came along and smashed full speed into the wreckage. The locomotive plunged down the embankment, taking with it six of its express freight cars which telescoped and took fire.

Mr. Detwiler, in telling his story upon returning home on Monday morning, said that he and an express messenger were asleep in the car with their horses when the smash-up occurred, but were soon wide awake when they heard the car thump over the ties. They were violently thrown in a heap when the car went over an embankment but managed to get out of their imprisonment by breaking through the door. The horses suffocated in the smoke and fire which resulted from the wreck.

How Mr. Detwiler and the express messenger saved the life of an attendant in the car immediately back of theirs was graphically described by Mr. Detwiler. Hearing a cry for help in the wrecked car the two men broke a hole in the end of the car and threw a rope to the unfortunate man who was lying under the mass of dead horses. In this way they managed to save him from certain death.

A representative of the express company called on Mr. Detwiler on Monday to ascertain the extent of injuries he might have received. Outside of a slight scratch on the wrist Mr. Detwiler escaped unhurt. His three horses he valued at $600, which claim will be fully met by the express company.

Prof. Heckman Re-elected.

At a recent meeting of the Centre Hall school board, Prof. W. O. Heckman was re-elected principal of the Centre Hall high school for the 1917-1918 term. Mr. Heckman is popular with both the schoiars and patrons of the school, which condition could not be ignored by the school board when the question of selecting a principal was before them. No salary was fixed.

More lime is being used this year than ever before on the fields in the northern section of the State.

"THE BIRTH OF A NATION."

Will be an Attraction at Garman's Opera House for One Day—Tuesday, March 6.

In response to numerous and urgent requests, D. W. Griffith's "The Birth of a Nation," which scored in Bellefonte the greatest triumph a theatrical attraction has ever achieved, has been booked for a return engagement at the Garmsn Opera House for one day, Tuesday March 6th, matinee and night. In every respect this presentation will be the same as before, including the same big symphony orchestra.

David W. Griffith, whose fame has now girdled the globe, chose for the theme of his great spectacle the turmoil and travail of over fifty years ago, out of which a new and united nation was born. A southerner himself, the son of General "Thunder Jake" Griffith of the Confederate Army, Griffith knows the heart of the south. Through his wonderful pictorial story of what the south suffered he has brought out the brotherhood of the north and has done more to cement the friendship of the two sections than all the books that have been written. Editorials in Northern newspapers say that he has forever wiped out Mason and Dixon's line.

Those who have seen "The Birth of a Nation" no more wonder that it cost $500,000 to produce. They only marvel that it did not cost more. Take the battle of Petersburg, for instance. The reproduction of that alone cost a small fortune. Then the burning of Atlanta and reproduction in replica of Ford's Theatre, Washington and of the legislative hall in South Carolina, all cost large sums.

"The Birth of a Nation" is the art triumph of the twentieth century and no one can afford to miss seeing its wonders.

LETS HAVE A REAL ONE!

From the Chicago Herald.

The Federal Trade Commission is about to start an investigation of the rise in food prices. It will ask the President to approve an appropriation of $400,000 for that purpose. It proposes to cover every side of the food situation.

Good ! Let us hope at last we are going to have a real investigation.

The country has confidence in the Federal Trade Commission. Now let's have facts. Let's go to the bottom—to the fundamentals—and really learn all that can be learned about the subject.

The problem is legal and economic. The question of whether there are combinations in restraint of trade must be decided. That has heretofore attracted the main attention. Now it's time to go more into the economic part—and go into it thoroughly. Are the people being compelled to pay too much for what they buy? Nobody can answer that until he can say with reasonable approximation what it costs to produce those things.

In some fields the trade commission will find plenty of data. The packers for instance, can tell exactly what it costs them to turn out their products. Government attention has encouraged accurate cost accounting in their case. But these fields are limited. In the biggest fields of all the work will have to be done from the ground up. There isn't a farmer in Illinois who knows what it costs him to put his product on the market today. There isn't one manufacturer in ten who has an accurate idea of what it costs him to run his business.

Let the trade commissioner start literally "from the ground up". Let it start with the farmer and find what production of everything, from eggs and wheat and cattle, means in terms of money and labor expenditure. He doesn't know, and nobody else knows. Then let it follow the product to consumption. Many people assume high prices don't start until they reach some large organization. From the economic standpoint they are just as liable to start at the beginning as anywhere else. Prices cannot be permanently below the cost of production under any circumstances.

The country is in the mood for an investigation that will be long and deep and thorough. It is tired of these continued flurries about high prices that get nothing except possibly a politician into Congress or some other job or into the newspapers. It has had its fill of half-baked remedies that spring from attention to only one half of the great problem. Let's have an investigation that will enable the country to see it steadily and see it whole. It would be cheap at $400,000 or $4,000,000.

Killed on the Railroad.

A telegram announcing the death of William Laird was received by the deceased's mother, Mrs. Rebecca Emerick, in this place, last Thursday. The only information the message contained was that Laird, who was about forty-two years of age, was killed on the railroad at Indianapolis, Indiana, on Thursday.

NORTH DAKOTA LETTER.

W. L. Royer Writes of 46 and 49 Degrees Below Zero Weather.—Potatoes Still at $1.00 a Bushel.

Taylor, North Dakota, Feb. 17, 1917.

Editor Reporter :

I have read about the conditions of the weather back east and I will now tell you about the weather in North Dakota. I don't believe I can tell about people freezing up here as I see in the Reporter, although it was cold enough to do so up here as it has been the coldest winter since I came here, and that was 1905. Our winter started in the latter part of November and kept pretty cold ever since. We had 46 and 48 degrees below zero with three snow blizzards, but in spite of it all I was out every day. The snow is about 14 inches deep, and sleighing has been good all winter ; but best of all, we have our own coal here so those eastern coal dealers could not freeze us out.

I saw in the Reporter about the North Dakota 1916 crops. If you only could see the farmers hauling grain to the elevators. In part of North Dakota the wheat was poor, but around here we had a fair crop and with the high prices of today the farmers have bank accounts. We are just as certain of a crop in this country as in Illinois or old Pennsylvania. I made a trip down to Illinois this winter and I find their corn crop was not the best ; I also stopped in Chicago and took in in the automobile show ; saw the finest car ever built ; about 400 ounces of 24 carat gold were used in finishing this car. It was valued at $30,000. From Chicago I went to St. Paul and attended a carnival there. The first evening it took the parade two hours and twenty minutes to pass a certain corner ; 25,000 in this parade. The second night there were 8000 ; they all wore special uniforms to represent their own lodge and State. Part of the parade looked like a 4th of July celebration and part of it like Barnum and Bailey's street parade. From there I came home the last day of January and I find there is no place like home even if it is in North Dakota. We are not suffering as we have plenty of potatoes, butter and eggs. Potatoes are selling at $1.00 per bu., butter at 30c, eggs at 35c, wheat is selling at $1.63 a bu., No. 1 flax at $2.64, barley 85c, oats 46c, rye $1 30.

I would like to hear through your columns from some of my old school mates and friends who are scattered through the west. J. M. Stiffler and brother write very interesting letters. I never miss seeing Mr. and Mrs. Stiffler when ever I go east to Illinois. They are located about one mile south west of the court house at Freeport, Ill. They have a fine mansion with all modern conveniences. He usually has the finest crops that are raised in Northern Illinois and has been very successful, wide awake, and progressive.

With these lines I will close and remain yours truly,

L. W. ROYER.

Woon Young Chun.

The sixth and last number on the Centre Hall Lecture Course will be Woon Young Chun, the Chinese lecturer, who will appear in Grange hall Tuesday evening, March 6th. The Chinese gentleman was educated in America and at the present time is taking a post graduate course in Harvard University, at the same time writing a book for use in Chinese schools. To hear him is to go away without any disappointments and with increased knowledge, especially as concerns the great Chinese empire. He has four principal lectures, anyone of which is well worth hearing.

Go hear Woon Young Chun next Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Addie B. Parsels Coming.

Mrs. Addie B. Parsels, foe extraordinary of the rum traffic and State W. C. T. U. lecturer, of Philadelphia, will be in Centre Hall on Saturday evening, March 10th, and will deliver one of her noted lectures in the Grange hall. To listen to Mrs. Parsels is to be converted to the cause in which her whole soul is set. There are few temperance workers, male or female, who are better able to drive sledge hammer blows at the iniquitous traffic. No admission will be charged to the lecture.

Mrs. Parsels will also speak at the following places on Sunday, March 11th :

Penn Hall, Lutheran church, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Rebersburg, Lutheran church, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Millheim, Evangelical church, at 7 o'clock p. m.

D. L. Bartges, administrator of the estate of Thomas C. Bartges, deceased, will sell farm stock and implements on the Bartges farm, one mile west of Old Fort, Saturday, March 3rd, beginning at nine o'clock. See posters.

Centre County Y. W. C. A. Notes.

South African affairs interested the True Blue Commonweal Club last week when Miss Mae Hoerner, who has been teaching in Africa, showed the girls some of her curios and told them about the life of the girls there. A pecular comb, somewhat like a very large wooden fork, used by the African girls (who comb their hair once a week) was one of the general objects Miss Hoerner brought with her.

Good pictures and Principles of Decoration were discussed by the Howard Branch at their last meeting. Miss S. C. Lovejoy, of State College, was asked by the girls to give a talk that would help them in furnishing the Club room which they expect to have in a couple months. Miss Lovejoy gave a most interesting talk, and had with her a large number of pictures, pointing out many beauties of many of the master pieces.

Girls, do send in your physical score cards. The standing of the Clubs can not be accurately determined until all cards for each week are in. At the end of the first week, of the Clubs having reports in, State College gym class had the highest average. The highest individual score to date belongs to Miss Leotta Rouse, Howard and the second to Miss Charlotte Kurtz. There is still a chance for everybody, however. Who will come out best? Remember it counts for your club, as well as for yourself. Keeping the record, good or ill, counts for your club, but the better it is the more it counts, which Club will get the banner? There was one perfect report.

Following is the rest of the poem by Angela Morgan. Learn it so that you can say it when the spring fever gets you.

"WORK—A SONG OF TRIUMPH."

Work!
Thank God for the pace of it,
For the terrible, keen, swift race of it ;
Fiery steeds in full control,
Nostrils a-quiver to greet the goal.
Work, the Power that drives behind,
Guiding the purposes, taming the mind,
Holding the runaway wishes back,
Reining the will to one steady track,
Speeding the energies faster, faster,
Triumphing over disater.
Oh, what is so good as the pain of it,
And what is so great as the gain of it?
And what is so kind as the cruel goad,
Forcing us on through the rugged road?

Work!
Thank God for the swing of it,
For the clamoring, hammering ring of it,
Passion of labor daily hurled
On the mighty anvil of the world.
Oh, what is so fierce as flame of it?
And what is so huge as the aim of it?
Thundering on through dearth and doubt,
Calling the plan of the Maker out.
Work, the Titan ; Work the friend,
Shaping the earth to a glorious end,
Training the swamps and blasting the hills,
Doing whatever the Spirit wills—
Rending a continent apart,
To answer the dream of the Master heart,
Thank God for a world where none may shirk—
Thank God for the splendor of work!

Guard Potatoes With Gun.

Over in Lewistown a load of potatoes at present receives the same careful guarding that a consignment of government gold receives when prepared for shipment. Here is what the Daily Sentinel says anent the high price of the tubers :

With potatoes retailing among local tradesmen at the lordly price of $3.20 a bushel, or 80 cents for a paltry peck, no chances are being taken by dealers hauling tubers over the streets. A man with a drawn revolver stood guard over a wagon load of potatoes as the consignment was being transported from a warehouse to a grocery store last evening.

The food riots and outbreaks in Philadelphia and New York against exorbitant food prices have evidently impressed a local lesson and it may be that each food shop will shortly be obliged to have guards on duty at all times as a safeguard against violent protests against prevailing high prices.

War Steel Work to Stop.

Employes of the Standard Steel works, near Lewistown, predict a merry scramble for other positions at the big plant in a few days when they say the company will have completed their shell contracts and the exorbitant wages paid for the past eighteen months will be reduced to a minimum. It is rumored the buildings utilized by this department will be turned into a bolt and nut mill.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Only three more weeks until the first day of spring.

Dr. G. W. Hosterman is spending a week or two in Lancaster, the guest of his son, S. V. Hosterman, Esq., and family.

The sixth and last number on the Centre Hall Lecture Course will be Woon Young Chun, the Chinese orator, who will appear in Grange Arcadia, Tuesday evening, March 6th.

H. J. Lambert, the corrugated shear man, is home for a few weeks' rest after having covered a number of eastern states visiting the barber shops in all the principal towns and cities.

Mrs. I. M. Arney is recovering from the effects of an injury sustained while at the barn one day last week, when in falling she was unfortunate enough to have her left shoulder bone broken.

Franklin Garis, a nephew of Byron Garis of this place, lost his right hand a week ago when it came in contact with a circular saw while engaged in sawing wood at Tylersville. Amputation of the hand was performed in the Lock Haven hospital.

William G. Fisher, of Sunbury, inspector for the Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry, was in Centre Hall on Tuesday inspecting manufacturing plants and public buildings and ordered a number of improvements to comply with the law.

A fire started on the third floor, of the Dean Holmes house, at State College, last Wednesday night, but prompt action on part of the student body and town fire fighters soon had it under control. A defective flue was supposed to have been the cause of the fire.

"A Reporter ad. brings the answer," said Roy Garbrick who appeared pleased when he sold a team of young horses after having an advertisement appear in the Reporter for two issues. Charles Stover, of Millheim, was the party attracted by the advertisement, and making a trip to the Garbrick farm last week, he paid the $300 asked and took the team home.

Gruver Rhoads, of near Reedsville, while rambling through a mountainous locality in the vicinity of Milroy a few days ago encountered a full grown wild cat. Fortunately he carried with him a trusty rifle which he leveled at the beast and blazed away. The feline was quickly tumbled to the earth and the slayer bore the prize home in triumph. There is a bounty of $6 upon wild cats.

If you are in arrears on your paper you will be doing the editor a true favor by remitting the amount due. The newspaper publishing business was never so much of a drain on funds as at the present time. Many papers have been forced to suspend publication while others, including many large city dailies, are operating at a tremendous loss. Pay the printer and he will thank you.

Last week's Lewisburg Journal contained the following item concerning a former Centre Hall couple : Mrs. George W. Ocker entertained a few friends at her home on South Third street on Thursday at an excellent dinner in honor of the sixtieth anniversary of Mr. Ocker's birthday. Born on February 22 he was given the name of George Washington Ocker. The invited guests at this delightful function were Rev. and Mrs. Frederick Aurand of Mifflinburg ; Rev. and Mrs. A. K. Zimmerman and grandchild, of Selinsgrove ; Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Rose and daughter Helen, of this place. Rev. Aurand, who is a retired minister, of Mifflinburg, confirmed both Mr. and Mrs. Ocker in Centre county when they were young people. Rev. A. K. Zimmerman performed the marriage ceremony.

There's only one way for the home merchants to counteract the influence of the flood of mail order catalogs that has swept into this community within the past week, and that is to advertise in the home paper. The merchant whose goods are of as good quality as that of the mail order house needs only to present the facts before the prospective buyer and he will have little trouble in making sales. The mail order house wins because it spares no expense in presenting the story concerning its goods before the public in such a way as to create desire, and that is the whole secret of its success—creating desire. The merchant who would clear his shelves and turn over his stock oftener during the year must create desire for his goods on the part of his customers, and what way is more logical to create this desire than to use advertising that tells in a truthful, convincing, desire-creating way of the goods he has to sell. It's BOUND TO PAY.

ATTORNEYS.

H. B. SPANGLER
Attorney-at-Law
Bellefonte, Pa.
Practices in all the courts.
Consultations in English and German.
Office, Crider's Exchange Building.

Penns Valley Banking Company
CENTRE HALL, PA.
David K. Keller, Cashier
Receives Deposits & Discounts Notes

H. G. STROHMEIER
CENTRE HALL, : : PA.
Manufacturer of
and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE
Monumental Work
In all kinds of
Marble and Granite
Don't Fail To Get Our Prices

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST
No Mutuals No Assessments
Before insuring your life get the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE
Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, - PA.
Telephone Connection

Save Pennies—Waste Dollars

¶ Some users of printing save pennies by getting inferior work and lose dollars through lack of advertising value in the work they get. Printers as a rule charge very reasonable prices, for none of them get rich although nearly all of them work hard.

Moral: Give your printing to a good printer and save money.

Our Printing Is Unexcelled

Got Something You Want to Sell?

Most people have a piece of furniture, a farm implement, or something else which they have discarded and which they no longer want.

These things are put in the attic, or stored away in the barn, or left lying about, getting of less and less value each year.

WHY NOT SELL THEM?

Somebody wants those very things which have become of no use to you. Why not try to find that somebody by putting a want advertisement in THIS NEWSPAPER?

WOULD PAY MORE FOR BEST MILK

Investigator Urges Incentive to Farmers For Higher Grades.

ASK NEW COAL TAX

Professor M. S. McDowell Prophesied That Soon Every County in the State Would Take Up the Scientific Improvement of Conditions.

Harrisburg.—Better prices for producers of the higher grade milk were advocated by J. G. Gamble, market milk investigator of the Department of Agriculture, at the extension school of the Pennsylvania State College, in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, in the Widener Building, Philadelphia. Mr. Gamble especially condemned legislation which brings about ony burdens and does nothing to correct faulty conditions.

"To obtain better milk," he said, "we must make it possible for producer A, who furnishes better milk than producer B, to get a better price. This means that consumers must appreciate the better milk in a financial way."

The great variation of cost in milk production shown in the figures presented during the late investigation was due to the lack of system in figuring the cost, according to Fred Rasmussen, professor of dairy husbandry of State College. In figuring the cost of producing milk at a rate of 5000 pounds per cow the following table was made by Mr. Rasmussen, using prices for feed, labor and cattle according to this month's quotations:

	7 Mos. Winter	T'l Cost 12 Mos.
Feed	$51.31	$71.88
Labor	19.25	33.03
Cattle	7.37	12.63
Buildings	4.25	7.25
Delivery	2.92	5.00
Bedding	1.75	3.00
Ice, coal and wood	1.04	1.79
Veterinary services	.51	.37
Utensile and supplies.	.31	.53
Bull	1.75	3.00
Total cost	$90.46	$138.98

"Crediting the cow with $3 for the calf and $15 for the value of the manure per year," he said, "the net cost of producing milk for the seven winter months would be 5.90 cents per quart. The net cost for the twelve months would be 5.20 cents per quart. Considering that feed, labor and cattle represent $4.62 per cent. of the total cost of producing milk, and that these figures have been obtained on the basis of present minimum prices (February, 1917), this is a fair guaranty of the accuracy of 5.93 cents a quart as the minimum price at which milk can be produced in Montgomery, Chester, Bucks and Berks Counties at the present time, from a cow producing 5000 pounds of milk per year.

"In this cost no allowance is made for supervision, profit or a number of minor factors entering into the cost of producing milk. The farmer has received 16.7 cents per hour for his labor, and has marketed his crops to the cows at farm prices."

The work of the extension school was discussed by M. S. McDowell, the director, and D. L. White, dean of the School of Agriculture and Experiment Station. Professor McDowell prophesied that soon every county in the State would take up the scientific improvement of local conditions.

"The extension service," he said, "employs specialists in the various lines of activities, such as dairying, horticulture, animal husbandry, poultry, entomology, etc. At the present time thirty-six county farm bureaus are in operation with an experienced man assigned to the county for work.

"This work includes the upbuilding of the soil by the proper application of manures and fertilizers; the testing of seed corn; the renovation of old orchards; the proper use of spraying materials to destroy insects and plant diseases, and the promotion of the live stock industry—all operations which fall within the province of the county representatives."

Bill Introduced in House.

Gans, Philadelphia, enabling foreign fraternal beneficiary associations to hold real estate in Pennsylvania.

Howorth, Allegheny, prohibiting issuance of marriage licenses to white and colored persons who may desire to inter-marry.

McVickar, Allegheny, exempting from claims of creditors proceeds of life and annuity insurance not exceeding $100 a month.

Whitaker, Chester, establishing a code regulating sale of opium, cocaine, etc.

Sinclair, Fayette, prohibiting trespassing on any railroad or railway or on cars, under penalty of $25 or 30 days in prison.

Franklin, Philadelphia, authorizing firstclass cities to establish amount of milk licenses. Under existing act it has been $5.

Drake, Greene, appropriating half of automobile registration to counties in proportion to licenses.

Hallern, Cambria, regulating use of mining machines.

Curdy, Blair, providing that sealers of weights and measures shall have authority over scales at quarries.

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFS

J. Frank Rudisill, of Rohrerstown, who shot his sweetheart, Mrs. Elsie Dutton, of Lancaster, occupies a cell of the county prison. Tired of hiding from the police, he returned home.

John Stear has purchased the W. H. Bond Hotel, at Nesquehoning, for $15,000.

Bradford county commissioners want State troopers assigned to shooting unlicensed dogs, as its constables are too sentimental.

The sugar famine has reached Towanda.

Blair county prisoners performed $187.60 worth of labor on county roads last year.

A Quakake Valley farmer named Gerhard, who had 2100 bushels of potatoes stored for high prices, has discovered that the entire lot has been frozen.

Run down by a train Miss Mabel Bender, of Northampton Heights, employed at the Redington fuse plant, suffered amputation of the right arm near the shoulder.

Several hundred residents of the Old York road section were present at the Willow Grove Methodist Church, when the new $250 pipe organ was formally dedicated at a special service conducted by the pastor the Rev. George C. Dilworth.

Harry Wettenback, aged 13, was drowned in the Allegheny River near Hershey Island, and two companions narrowly missed a similar death.

When Charles Wassa arrived in Coatesville on a trolley car from Lancaster, there was found in his possession one gallon of whisky, three quarts of wine and one quart of alcohol. He was fined $20.

Llanerch Fire Company has elected H. H. Aikens, president; W. R. Cook, vice-president; Thomas B. Young, secretary; H. V. Gummere, treasurer; E. Oscar Lobb, chief; Charles H. Miller and Walter Woelful, assitant chiefs.

The Oaks Fire Company realized $685 from its fair.

Cigarmakers at Sumneytown demand an increase in wages.

Clocks may be moved ahead in Hazleton one hour from May 1 to October 1.

Northumberland County Court will require the Watsontown Hotel to be rebuilt or go without a license.

In school at Park View, John Matless, 13, picked a dynamite cap with a pin and sustained a badly shattered right hand.

Excellent records of attendance are reported as being made by organizations of the National Guard which are being inspected by Guard officers.

For about $300,000, Charles E. Butler, of Hazleton, has bought out the remaining interests that controlled the Butler-Benjamin coal strippings at Coleraine, Buck Mountain, Ebervale, Lattimer, Upper Lehigh and Cranberry.

Dr. K. D. Werley has purchased 125 acres along the Schuylkill River from the Reading Coal & Iron Company, on which to graze his cattle and raise feed for them.

At Carlisle, James Anthony, colored, was found guilty, by a jury, of murder in the first degree. He killed Michael Ury, a construction forman, with a shovel, at Newville.

Merril Reedy, who suffered a broken back in July of last year, died at Lewisburg. How he lived eight months with the spinal column severed is the wonder of Union county physicians.

The will of Mrs. Phoebe J. Gray, widow of William B. Gray, Paterson, distributes more than $100,000, of which $25,000 is left to Ada G. Birdsall and $20,000 to Anna Birdsall, nieces.

Approval of the Board of Works plan to spend $500,000 on Port Newark Terminal this year was given by the Board of Trade.

Miss Frederica Bogert, teacher of the seventh grade of Cleveland School, Cranford, has resigned to take a position in New York City.

The Lincoln Firemen's Association at Rahlway, elected these officers: President, Edward Leonard; secretary, William Van Dyke; treasurer, Charles A. Moore.

Both the Alexian Brothers and Elizabeth General hospitals, Elizabeth, are crowded with patients and additional buildings are urged.

Because of the increasing number of applicants for naturalization, County Clerk Harvey S. Hopkins has decided to keep his office open at stated times at night at Newton.

In the final report of United States Senator-elect Joseph S. Frelinghuysen as president of the State Board of Education the Senator goes on record as in favor of military training in the public schools.

Burlington has no cause to fear race suicide, according to the vital statistics report for the last year, submitted by City Clerk Marrs. There were 162 deaths and 224 births, while marriages numbered 103.

An epidemic of boils prevails at Jeanesville.

There are 16 cases of diphtheria in Trumbauersville and the vicinity.

Charles Grafley, watchman at the Penllyn station on the Reading Railway, was killed by a south-bound special train.

Reading wants to annex part of Lower Alsace township.

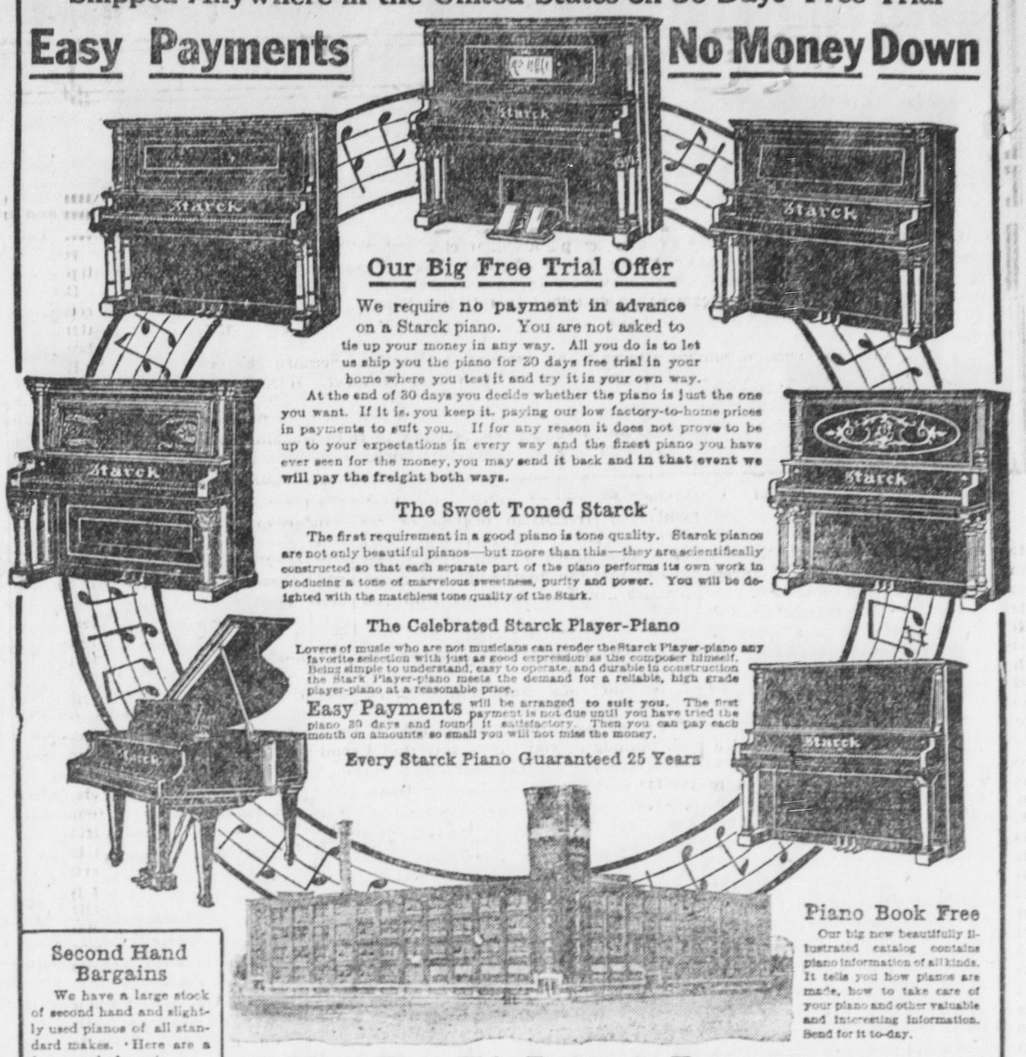
Fourteen-inch ice is being harvested at Walter's Dams, near Pottstown.

E. J. Hart, legislative correspondent of The Scranton Times, has been installed as exalted ruler of the Pittston Lodge of Elks.

Famous Starck Pianos

Shipped Anywhere in the United States on 30 Days' Free Trial

Easy Payments **No Money Down**



Our Big Free Trial Offer

We require no payment in advance on a Starck piano. You are not asked to tie up your money in any way. All you do is to let us ship you the piano for 30 days free trial in your home where you test it and try it in your own way.

At the end of 30 days you decide whether the piano is just the one you want. If it is, you keep it, paying our low factory-to-home prices in payments to suit you. If for any reason it does not prove to be up to your expectations in every way and the finest piano you have ever seen for the money, you may send it back and in that event we will pay the freight both ways.

The Sweet Toned Starck

The first requirement in a good piano is tone quality. Starck pianos are not only beautiful pianos—but more than this—they are scientifically constructed so that each separate part of the piano performs its own work in producing a tone of marvelous sweetness, purity and power. You will be delighted with the matchless tone quality of the Starck.

The Celebrated Starck Player-Piano

Lovers of music who are not musicians can render the Starck Player-piano any favorite selection with just as good expression as the composer himself. Being simple to understand, easy to operate, and durable in construction the Starck Player-piano meets the demand for a reliable, high grade player-piano at a reasonable price.

Easy Payments will be arranged to suit you. The first payment is not due until you have tried the piano 30 days and found it satisfactory. Then you can pay each month on amounts so small you will not miss the money.

Every Starck Piano Guaranteed 25 Years

Piano Book Free

Our big new beautifully illustrated catalog contains piano information of all kinds. It tells you how pianos are made, how to take care of your piano and other valuable and interesting information. Send for it to-day.

Second Hand Bargains

We have a large stock of second hand and slightly used pianos of all standard makes. Here are a few sample bargains.

Steinway	$175.00
Knabe	165.00
Emerson	100.00
Kimball	70.00
Starck	195.00

Send to-day for our latest list of second hand bargains and our complete new illustrated catalog of Starck pianos.

Direct From This Factory to You—Saves $150.00

Selling as we do, direct from our factory to your home, we are able to offer you low prices that will save you upwards of $150.00 in the purchase price of your piano. You should take advantage of these money-saving prices and send to-day full particulars concerning our factory-to-home offer.

50 Free Music Lessons

Every buyer of a Starck piano is entitled to receive 50 free music lessons through one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons are to be taken in your own home at your convenience.

FreeCatalogueCoupon

P. A. Starck Piano Co.,
1967 Starck Bldg., Chicago.

Please send without obligation on my part, your complete illustrated piano catalogue, also full information concerning your factory-to-home prices and your easy payment terms.

Name .....
Street No. or R. F. D. .....
Town and State .....

P. A. Starck Piano Co., Manufacturers Chicago

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 hard, $2.03; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $2.13; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $2.10½, f o b New York.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 yellow, $1.15¾ c i f New York.

Oats—Spot strong; standard, 70½@71½c.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 46½@47c; creamery extra firsts, 45½@46; firsts, 38½@45; seconds, 36½@38.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, extra firms, 46c; firsts, 45@45½; refrigerator firsts, 42@42½; seconds, 41@42; nearby hennery whites, fine to fancy, 48@49; nearby hennery browns, 46½@47.

Cheese—State, held, specials, 25¾@26c; do, average fancy, 25@25½.

Live Poultry—Chickens, 21@22c; fowls, 23@24; no turkeys quoted. Dressed chickens, 18@29; fowls, 18@24; turkeys, 20@34.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.82@1.87; No. 2 Southern red, $1.80@1.85; steamer No. 2 red, $1.78@1.83; No. 3 red, $1.78@1.83; rejected A, $1.74@1.79; rejected B, $1.70@1.75.

Rye—We quote: No. 2 Western, in export elevator, $1.45@1.50 per bushel; small lots of nearby rye, in bags, quoted at $1@1.20, as to quality.

Corn—Carlots for local trade, as to location, No. 2 yellow, $1.15@1.16; No. 3 yellow, $1.14@1.15; No. 4 yellow, $1.12@1.13; No. 5 yellow, $1.10@1.11.

Oats—No. 2 white, 69@69½c; standard white, 68@68½c; No. 3 white, 67@67½c; No. 4 white, 63@67c; sample oats, 63@64c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, as to quality, 22@24c; roosters, 16@18c; spring chickens, according to quality, 22@24; white leghorns, according to quality, 21@23c; ducks, as to size and quality, 20@24c; geese, 19@22c; pigeons, old, per pair, 28@30c; do, young, per pair, 20@25c.

Butter—Western fresh, solid-packed creamery, fancy specials, 47c; extra, 45@46c; do, extra firsts, 42@43c; do, firsts, 38@39c; do, seconds, 35@36c; ladles, 29@31c; packing stock, 26@28c; nearby prints, fancy, 48c; do, average extra, 45@46c; do, firsts, 39@42c; do, seconds, 35@36c; special fancy brands of prints were jobbing at 51@54c.

Eggs—In free cases, nearby extras, 49c per dozen; nearby firsts, $13.95 per standard case; nearby current receipts, $13.80 per case; Western extra, 49c per dozen; do extra firsts, $13.95 per case; do, firsts, $13.80 per case. Fancy selected fresh eggs were jobbed out at 51@54c per dozen.

Cheese—We quote: New York, full cream, fancy held, 25¾@26c; specials higher; do, fair to good held, 25@25½c; part skims, 13@21c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—February No. 2 red, $1.82¼ nominal; spot 2 red wheat, $1.82¼, nominal; No. 2 red Western, $1.86¼, nominal.

Corn—Sales of small bag lots of Southern white corn at $1.10@1.11 bushel, delivered. Carlots of No. 3 yellow corn, for domestic delivery, are quotable at $1.14 bushel, nominal on spot.

Oats—Standard white, 66@66½c; No. 3 white, 65½@66.

Rye—No. 2 Western, export, $1.53@1.54; No. 3 do, do, $1.51@1.52; No. 4 do, do, $1.50@1.51; bag lots, as to quality and condition, $1.20@1.35.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $18@18.50; No. 2 do, $17@17.50; No. 3 do, $13.50@15; light clover mixed, $16; No. 1 clover mixed, $15@15.50; No. 2 clover mixed, $13.50@14.50; No. 1 clover, $15; No. 2 do, $13@14; No. 3 do, $8@9.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $15@15.50; No. 2 do, $13.50@14; No. 1 tangled rye, $10.50@11; No. 2 do, $9.50@10; No. 1 wheat, $9@9.50; No. 2 do, $8@8.50; No. 1 oat, $9.50; No. 2 do, $8.50@9.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 43½@44c; do, choice, 42@43; do, good, 40@41; do, prints, 44@45; do, blocks, 43@44; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 29@30; Ohio rolls, 28@29; West Virginia rolls, 28@29; storepacked, 27@29; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 29@30.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 44c; Western firsts, 44; West Virginia firsts, 43; Southern firsts, 42.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 23@24c; do do, small to medium, 22@23; do, do, white leghorns, 22; old roosters, 13@14; young, smooth, fat, 23@25; do, rough and poor, 20@22. Ducks—Young, Pekings, 3½ lbs and over, 22@23c; do, puddle, do, do, do, 21@22; do, muscovy, do, do, do, 20@21; do, smaller, 18@19. Geese—Nearby, 20@21c; Western and Southern, 19@20; Kent Island, 22@23. Turkeys—Hens, 31c; young gobblers, 29; old toms, 26@27; poor and crooked breast, 21@22. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 25@30c; old, do, 25@30. Guinea fowl as to size each 25@35c.

Live Stock

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, $12@12.45; heavy, $12.35@12.45; packers and butchers', $12.15@12.40; light, $11.60@12.20; pigs, $9.25@11.25.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, $11.25@11.85; dressed beef steers, $9@11; Southern steers, $6.75@9.50; cows, $5.50@9.50; heifers, $7@11; stockers and feeders, $6.75@10.75; bulls, $6.50@9; calves, $7@13.25.

Sheep—Lambs, $12.80@14.75; yearlings, $12.50@13.50.

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk, $12.10@12.30; light, $11.00@12.25; mixed, $11.95@12.35; heavy, $11.95@12.40; rough, $11.95@12.10; pigs, $9.40@10.70.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, $7.85@12; Western steers not quoted; stockers and feeders, $6.25@9.25; cows and heifers, $5.20@10.40; calves, $9.75@14.

Sheep—Wethers, $11@12; ewes, $8.40@11.75; lambs, $12.40@14.90.

PITTSBURGH.—Cattle—Choice, $10@10.65; prime, $10.75@11.25.

Sheep—Prime wethers, $11.50@12; cull and common, $5@6.50; lambs, $11@15.25; veal calves, $14.50@15.

Hogs—Prime heavies, $12.90@12.95; mediums, $12.85@12.90; heavy Yorkers, $12.60@12.85; light Yorkers, $11.75@12.25; pigs, $11@11.25; roughs, $11.75@12.25.

TOLD IN SHORT ORDER.

American chair cane is in demand in Panama.

A New Zealand firm is in the market for 500,000 meat tags.

Velvet carpets began to be used in Europe about the Fourteenth Century.

The Cuban government has established nine wireless stations on the Island of Cuba and one on the Isle of Pines.

The first day nursery reserved especially for the children of munition workers is being established by Acton (England) Council.

A lot 100x165 feet, on the west side of Olive street, Los Angeles, 115 North of Ninth street, has been leased on a 99-year ground lease for a total rental of $1,125,000.

For the first nine months of 1916 the ocean steel merchant tonnage of American shipyards exceeded by 30,000 tons the British output, but after May 30 British yards began to increase work on merchant shipping.

The geological expedition that has just returned to Russia from the Island of Spitzbergen reports the discovery of immense coal deposits on that island. According to the report of the expedition, the coal deposits consist of two layers at different depths. The upper layer is at a depth of two or three meters (6.6 to 9.5 feet), and the workable area is considered to be about 200 square miles. This is figured to represent about 1,000,000,000 tons of coal.

The Quarterbreed

A Modern Indian Reservation Story by Robert Ames Bennet

IF you discovered that an able man of unscrupulous character and political power enough to wreck your career was trying to do harm to the girl you loved by stealing her affections and turning them to evil purposes, would you shoot him before he spoiled the girl or wait until he did it and then kill him? Consider Captain Hardy's predicament, as described in this installment. The army officer, you will recall, went to Lakotah reservation as acting agent following the murder of Agent Nogen and a threatened uprising of the Indians. Wounded by an ambush shot, he falls in love with Marie Dupont, a quarterbreed, who nurses him, but gives no definite answer to his proposal of marriage because she is enamored of Reginald Vandervyn, agency clerk and scapegrace nephew of Senator Clemmer. Hardy learns the Indians are disaffected because old Jacques Dupont, a wily post trader, and Vandervyn have cheated them in an illegal tribal mine deal. At first the red men, deceived by Vandervyn, misunderstand the officer's motives, but finally accept him as their friend, and a commission, led by Vanderwyn, prepares to go to Washington to secure a division of tribal lands and the sale of mines owned by Indians. Vandervyn plans to get profit for himself.

CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

—9—

So began the second period of Hardy's close companionship with the girl, and the intimacy appeared as sincere and friendly as the first one, when Vandervyn was in the mountains with Redbear. Almost every day they rode out to examine the Wolf river watershed, and estimate as best they could without surveying instruments the number of acres that could be put under ditch.

Hardy had at once written for reports on similar undertakings. Before receiving them he was agreeably surprised by an official telegram from Washington instructing him to at once send on the tribal delegation, in the charge of Redbear. So swift an unreeling of government red tape proved that powerful influences were favoring the consummation of the new treaty. Hardy ungrudgingly gave Vandervyn the credit of being a very successful benevolent lobbyist.

A runner was dispatched to bring in Redbear and the delegates. They came without delay. Redbear's arm was so nearly healed that he had full use of it. Oinna did not accompany him. He said their grandfather had become so fond of her that he had insisted upon her remaining in the mountains until the return of the delegation from Washington. Marie offered to send for her and give her a home while her brother was away, but Redbear hastily declared that the girl wished to stay with the old chief.

Hardy took charge of the delegation as far as the railroad, and Marie and Dupont went along to keep him company. He provided for the comfort aboard train of Redbear and the five solemn chiefs, and shipped them off with through tickets to Washington and a careful set of instructions to help them in the conduct of their mission.

"My only wish is that I might go with them," he remarked, as the "iron horse" whirled them away toward the land of the sunrise. "They will be like Babes in the Woods."

"You sure have done your level best for them, Cap," replied Dupont. "You ain't got no license to worry nohow. Mr. Van is there to boost 'em along."

"Besides, you have your work here," added Marie with a glance that completely diverted his thoughts.

They spent the night in the rough shack misnamed a hotel, and at dawn started on their return to the agency. As Dupont's pony was continually lagging behind, Hardy had the pleasure of Marie's company virtually alone for the greater part of the ride. She seemed to enjoy this quite as much as he, and remained in gracious good-humor even through the blazing heat of midday. Nor did she allow herself to feel fatigue until, after their arrival at the agency, she had cooked a savory supper, and then entertained Hardy for an hour or more in her artistic little parlor.

The next day, fresh as ever, Marie was ready to ride up to the falls and help him run a line of levels with the instruments that he had hired in town. Never had he known anyone so abounding in life. Mentally as well as physically, she seemed ever tireless, buoyant, animated.

Day after day they worked and planned for the good of the tribe; day after day her graciousness toward him increased. And day after day his love for her deepened and strengthened until it could be seen in his every look and act, and heard in every inflection of his voice when he spoke to her. Though her manner toward him showed no trace of overt coquetry, she made no effort to repulse his silent devotion or to check the growth of his passion.

A week after the departure of the delegation found him fully looking the part of a gallant lover—ardent, youthful, almost handsome. He had lost much of his former look of pensive severity. Even the silvery hairs over his temples seemed to be regaining their original ruddy brown.

A few days later one of the lines of levels happened to bring him and the girl to the edge of the coulee, across from the butte. He suggested that they go down and across to the spring rill for a drink.

As they turned back, Marie recognized the exact spot where he had been shot. Womanlike, she shuddered and turned pale at the recollection, though at the time of the occurrence she had been so brave.

"Look!" she said in a half-whisper. "Here is where you fell. I thought you were killed!"

"The experience was well worth while," he replied. His voice shook with the irresistible passion of his love. "Dearest!—let me call you that here, this once! It was here I first looked into the depths of your heart, and learned how good and kind you are."

The girl turned to hide her face from the reverent adoration of his gaze.

"No, no," she murmured. "Don't, please!"

"I must speak, dear," he replied. "I ask nothing of you. It is only that I wish to tell you how you made me realize again that life is worth living. When I came from the Coast, I had lost one dearer to me than anyone else in all the world—my mother. She was a little woman, very frail—her blue eyes were dim and faded, her hair white; but even when she—was at the very end—her dear eyes sought to ease my grief with the same look you gave me as you bent over me here and thought me fatally injured."

"Please!" begged the girl, choking back a sob. "I do not deserve—Your mother!—but I am not kind nor good!"

Hardy went on in the same voice of profound passion: "You lifted me out of the shadow of the Valley. You came to me in my blank darkness, a glorious light of divine goodness that compelled me to see that all was not wrong with the universe—that even so great a loss as mine might be for the best."

"I am not what you think me—I am not!" she reiterated.

"You restored my faith and hope," he insisted. "It would be selfish of me to ask anything more of you now—"

"It would be useless—useless!" she cried.

He was too little versed in feminine nature to realize that her vehemence might indicate an effort to suppress an inner doubt of the assertion. Had he been a few years younger, youthful impetuosity might have won him that which his reverent respect shrank from urging. He had taken her gloved hand. He pressed it to his lips, and freed her.

"I shall not annoy you, dear," he said. "Yet I cannot take that as final. I shall wait until he returns. Then I shall take my fighting chance."

"You will?" she whispered.

"I shall not give up until you have pledged yourself to him. If I can, I will prevent that. He cannot possibly love you as I love you. If it is possible to win you for my wife, I will do it."

Marie quivered, and shrank from him as if startled. "You say, when he comes back— But until then you—you will not—"

"My Friend, Jake Dupont, Gentlemen."

"Until then we shall continue to be the same good comrades that we have been."

The girl drew in a deep breath. "Then—let us go back to work."

Hardy accepted the suggestion with a self-control that was as remarkable as it was misplaced.

CHAPTER XVII.

The Only Woman.

During the pleasant, busy days that followed, to all appearances Marie enjoyed the work and planning and the long hours of companionship fully as much as Hardy. Dupont, now ever bluff and genial, kept close to his store. But during the long evening discussions his eyes often twinkled cunningly under their gray thatch. No word had been received from Washington except two notes from Vandervyn to Dupont, reporting favorable progress and inclosing sealed letters to Marie. She told nothing of what these contained, even to her father.

Hardy's first—and last—message in regard to the new treaty was an official notification that it had been duly approved and signed, after fifteen million dollars had been decided upon as the compensation to the tribe for the mineral lands. Special commissioners had been named to proceed to the reservation and arrange for the immediate opening of the mineral lands to entry, and the allotment of the remaining lands to the members of the tribe.

Hardy was surprised when he saw that the time set for the departure of the commissioners had already passed. The document had been misdirected, had been returned to Washington, and then seemingly had been pigeonholed for several days by some careless clerk before being remailed to him.

If he had not established a more frequent mail service, in place of the customary weekly trip to town by one of the police, the commissioners might have arrived before he received the notice.

He was still more surprised when, the following day, he and Marie rode down Sioux creek to where it flowed into Wolf river. The moment the view down the coulee opened before them, they perceived several tents pitched in the bottom, at the foot of the butte. They found twenty or twenty-five rough-looking men encamped along the spring rill in light dog-tents. A few were cowboys, but the greater number had the appearance and outfits of prospecting miners. They stared at Marie with the respectful admiration of typical Westerners for an "honest" woman, and readily answered Hardy's civil questions.

Notice of the prospective opening of the mineral lands of the reservation had been published in a few very obscure weekly papers. One of the men gave Hardy a blurred sheet of a little country journal, and pointed out the government notice. It was printed in the midst of several uninteresting legal notices. The old fellow winked knowingly, and remarked that, as long as he was in on the game, he didn't care how quiet it was played.

"What could that man have meant about being in on a quiet game?" Marie asked Hardy, as they rode down the coulee to take the road back to the agency.

"I believe I understand, and I do not altogether like it," replied Hardy. "The fellow probably is right in thinking that undue influence is being exerted to give as little publicity as possible to the opening of the mineral lands to entry."

"Do you really think so? Of course it is not right— Yet where is the harm? These men have been enterprising enough to seize the opportunity, and they deserve the chances of good fortune."

"The transaction has rather too much the appearance of a prearranged scheme," replied Hardy. His thoughtful face darkened with the shadow of anxiety. "If I could be sure that it would bring only good fortune to you!"

The profound tenderness and concern in his voice seemed to startle Marie. She leaned forward, and put her pony into a gallop.

The day before, immediately upon receipt of the official statement from Washington, Hardy had sent a messenger to notify Ti-owa-konza. Two days later the head chief came with all his large family, including Oinna. Marie insisted that the girl should come to stay with her until the return of Redbear, and immediately fitted out the girl with good dresses from her own wardrobe. When Hardy spoke of her generosity, she smiled and shrugged.

"It is little enough to do for anyone, captain. I was tired of those old gowns. Anyway, as a quarterbreed, I owe it to my own self-respect to keep a halfbreed girl from going around like a full-blood woman."

"Her brother will be greatly pleased."

"I had no thought of him. He is rather a worthless fellow. It is strange to me how proud Oinna is of him. She says nothing, but one can see that she is in a fever of joyous excitement over the prospect of his return."

Hardy frowned, parted his lips to speak, and thought better of it.

"You were going to say—?" observed Marie.

"Something that must be left unsaid, if you will pardon me," he replied, and he shifted the conversation to the question of accommodations for the commissioners.

The arrival of the commissioners early in the afternoon of the following day would have taken the agency by surprise if Hardy had not posted a lookout on the signal mountain. The prearranged smoke-sign gave warning of the approach of the party while it was yet many miles away over the plains. Even at that, Hardy and Marie and Dupont were not quite ready to greet the visitors when they came into view down the valley. The explanation of their quick trip from the railroad at once became evident. Commissioners, Indian delegates and all were stowed in two large touring cars.

Vandervyn was driving the foremost car. He brought it up the slope of the agency terrace with a rush, and spun it around in a curve that ended before the porch of the Dupont house. The second car rolled straight on across the terrace to the tepee of Ti-owa-konza.

Hardy, who was about to start across to the office, paused in the porch to welcome the commissioners. Dupont hurried out of the rear doorway of his store. Marie, after a slight bow in acknowledgment of Vandervyn's respectful salute, quietly drew back into her parlor.

In the front seat beside Vandervyn was a big, red-faced man, whose bleared eyes immediately began to scrutinize Hardy, and as quickly turned away when they met his clear gaze. The five men in the tonneau all had the look of a certain kind of politician, and all met Hardy's cordial greeting with a cold formality that would have chilled even a place-hunter.

Put upon his dignity by this unexpected rebuff, the captain drew back into the porch. Dupont received a more pleasant response to his bluff welcome. He jerked open the door of the tonneau, and offered his hand to each of the commissioners in turn as they stepped stiffly out into the porch.

"My friend Jake Dupont, gentlemen," said Vandervyn.

Every member of the party at once smiled upon the trader, and shook hands with him. Most cordial of all was the big man who had sat in the front seat.

Marie now stepped out to greet the visitors, and was formally introduced by Vandervyn. With a gracious composure that would have done credit to the most exclusive of drawing rooms, she welcomed the visitors, and invited them to luncheon.

The most portly member of the commission promptly accepted the invitation on behalf of himself and his companions, and the party followed their hostess into her parlor. Vandervyn lingered a moment to favor Hardy with a smile of ironical condolence.

"Chesty lot, these lame ducks!" he said. "But they stand in with the big fellows. They had the cars shipped out from Chicago to accommodate them. Better snuggle up on their warm side— What, not going, surely? You must come in to lunch and show us how tactful a tactician can be."

"Thanks, no," replied Hardy. "I'll ask you kindly to excuse me to Miss Dupont. The commissioners may find me at the office at any time that suits them."

Vandervyn shrugged and went indoors, his smile a trifle forced. He at once joined his party in their eager acceptance of Dupont's most cordial expression of hospitality, his eight-year-old whisky. Marie had excused herself to the guests. By the time she reappeared every member of the party was aglow with good feeling. The girl at once became the target for a shower of compliments, all in doubtful taste, and some decidedly too free and easy.

She looked to Vandervyn, and met only with an uneasy smile. Seeing that he would say nothing, she replied to the offenders with a wit and dignity that soon altered their bearing toward her. They were puzzled to find a garden rose in this rough wilderness, but she soon brought them to the realization that they were not at liberty to splash mud on her petals. The luncheon completed her conquest.

Vandervyn came to the table with all the uneasiness gone from his smile. He took his seat, and proceeded to extol Marie's skill as a chef. Oinna, bearing a tray, came in, and began to serve luncheon. Though extremely shy, she started with a deftness that showed careful training. Several moments passed before Vandervyn looked up and perceived her. The surprise was too sharp even for his assurance. He stopped short in his talk, and stared at her, disconcerted.

At sight of his frown the girl dropped her tray, now fortunately empty, and with a little, gasping cry fled from the room. She did not reappear. Marie passed off the awkward incident with a smile and a tactful explanation of Oinna's excessive shyness. The Indian boy finished the serving.

Vandervyn had delivered Hardy's messages. They had been received alike by Marie and by the commissioners without comment. After luncheon one of the commissioners brusquely proposed that Hardy be summoned to attend upon them. Vandervyn interposed with the suave suggestion that the acting agent might leave in the safe some of the papers necessary to a full understanding of the affairs of the agency.

At this the party lingered only for a parting nip at Dupont's liquid hospitality. Assuring Marie that they would return in time for dinner, they left under the escort of their host. With the excuse that he had mislaid his hat, Vandervyn returned to the dining room. When he came out, he shut the door. Marie was alone in the parlor. All the suppressed fire of his passion flamed in his face, as he turned and came swiftly back to the waiting girl. There could be no doubt that he expected her to meet him halfway.

She stood beside a chair, somewhat pale, but outwardly very calm. She did not advance a single step. Yet,

"You've Been Letting Marie Get Thick With Him."

blinded by his own ardor, he came on without heeding the look in her face until within arm's-reach of her. Then at last he perceived her lack of response, and stopped.

"I say!" he exclaimed. "What's the matter? Is this the way to welcome me back, sweetheart?"

The term of endearment brought a quick blush into the girl's cheeks. But she replied in cold, even tones: "Are you now at liberty to address me as your fiancee?"

His eyes shifted before her level gaze. "Don't be foolish, Marie. You know you're the only woman. You know that engagement must stand until we are sure of the mine. There is something else, as well—"

"This is quite enough for the present," she broke in. "I promised to wait for you until you should come back—free from your cousin. You have returned, but you are not free from her. Is it honorable for you to speak to me now?"

"How can I help it?" he urged, seeking to melt her with his ardent gaze. "You are the only woman—the only one in all the world to me. There is not another half as beautiful, a tenth as charming!"

She quivered in response to the deep, golden notes of his voice, yet held herself firm with all the strength of her resolute will.

"You speak of love," she rejoined. "You say nothing of marriage."

"How can I?" he asked in an aggrieved tone. "You know that until we get the mine— But that won't be long now. These commissioners are jumping-jacks in the hands of my uncle. They will hustle matters through for us—short order. Once I—we—get the mine, I'll be a free man, and then, sweetheart—"

But the girl drew back from his pleading arms.

"No," she said. "If I must wait, so must you. If you mean what you say, you should be satisfied that I still feel I may have to wait."

"You mean—what?" he stammered.

She clenched her hands convulsively. "Why did you come first? Why could I not have known him first?"

"I see," he muttered. "It's that—that tin soldier."

"Yes, it is—that gentleman!" she flashed back. Again the slender finger nails cut into her palms.

"Nice fatherly old fogy!" sneered Vandervyn. "You're far too much alive, too much of a real woman, to mistake your feeling toward him for love. Love! that's the word, sweetheart—youth and love and happiness! You and I, sweetheart!"

She blushed and trembled. But she had spent all the days of his absence in that intimate comradeship with Hardy. At the moment when Vandervyn thought to take her into his arms, her will rallied, her eyes hardened with resolution.

"I have said that I will wait. That is enough. You also shall wait."

His eyes narrowed. "Has it never occurred to you that you may be a bit too sure of me? The mine may pinch out after the first few hundred thousands. I'm in on another deal that stands to net a cool million. When I get that in bank, I can have any girl I choose to go after."

"If I had ten times a million, and could buy you a character like his, I would gladly pay it all—all!"

The slash of a whip in his face would have stung him far less. He stared at her a long moment, while the full meaning of the words cut through the armor of his self-esteem. Mortification, anger, furious chagrin flamed in his face. He raised his hand as if to strike her, and instead, whirled about and rushed out through the porch.

The girl sank on her knees, and pressed her hands to her lips to stifle the cry that would have called him back. When she looked up, her face was white and drawn with anguish. But she had conquered.

"He shall not—shall not know my weakness!" she whispered with fierce determination. "If only it has offended him beyond forgiveness! If only he may go away—forever! I might be able to forget him—in time!"

CHAPTER XVIII.

Pleasant Little Surprises.

Too furious to heed what he was about, Vandervyn struck off up a rugged gulley behind the Dupont house. An hour passed before he came back down the mountain-side. He was changing his clothes when Dupont brought him an impatient summons from the office: "Hurry up, Mr. Van. They want you. Where you been all this time?"

"Went for a stroll," drawled Vandervyn. "They can wait." His voice became harsh and incisive. "I want to speak to you about something. You've been letting Marie get in thick with him."

"Who? You mean Cap?" sparred Dupont. "You didn't say you wanted me to keep 'em from running together."

"You should have seen the danger. I take it, she has been alone with him most of the time."

"Well, what of it?" muttered Dupont.

"What of it?" echoed Vandervyn. "Don't you know enough about army officers to realize that he would never marry—a quarterbreed?"

Dupont's crafty eyes narrowed. "I'm not so all-fired sure of that. There's lots of 'em has married even half-breeds. I've seen 'em."

"Years ago, when the frontier was months away from civilization."

"Mebbe, and mebbe them breed girls wasn't a tenth as good lookers as Marie. She's a lady."

Vandervyn's lip curled. "If you must have the gaff, Jake—how about yourself? Do you think an officer son-in-law would care to have you visiting him at an army post?"

Dupont scowled. "Well, there ain't been no harm done, and you're back now."

"Quite true. But his attentions have put Marie on her high horse. I wish you to take a stand against him and back me up with her."

"You sure can count me in on that, Mr. Van," eagerly assented Dupont.

"All right. I've got him fixed. But I wanted to make sure of your backing. If he comes to dinner tonight I'll have a gay little surprise or two up my sleeve for him."

"I been waiting to ask you about the mine. How're we going to work the deal?"

"We've got to make a show of a real contest. It's to be run on the old-style rush plan."

"Suppose one of them there men at the butte has the best horse?"

Vandervyn thrust out his jaw. "Don't fash yourself. I'm going to have that mine. This is my idea of the way we'll fix it." He leaned over and murmured in Dupont's ear.

The trader shook his head. "Um-m! I'm not saying that mightn't work. Just the same, though, it'd make you the only one what could do the entering. I'd be a sooner."

"The mine would be entered by me, but of course we would have the understanding that you were to get your half," replied Vandervyn. He stepped briskly to the door. "Come, I guess the bunch has had time enough to cool their heels."

Still frowning dubiously, Dupont followed him over to the office, where Hardy and the commissioners sat waiting for them, stiff and constrained.

What sort of conspiracy do you think that Vandervyn and these crooked commissioners have formed against Captain Hardy? When the Indians find they have been tricked will they shed white blood?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Safe Bet.

A woman in Pottsville, Pa., laughed herself to death, but we are willing to wager that it wasn't over one of her husband's jokes.—Detroit Times.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Milesburg, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Work Done on State Forests.

The annual summary of work accomplished on Pennsylvania's State Forests was issued this week by commissioner of Forestry Robert S. Conklin. It gives the total area, which cost $2,310,723, an average of $2,28 per acre. This expenditure spreads over a period of about twenty years since the land was bought, and makes the average appropriation for actual practice of forestry about fourteen cents per acre per year. Careful appraisement of the State Forest places there present value at from $6,000,000 to $8,000,000.

Over 1,500 miles of old roads have been repaired and 280 miles of new roads have been built. A thousand miles of fire lanes from ten to thirty feet wide, and 684 miles of trails have been cut. Forest boundary lines 2,275 miles long have been surveyed, and 2,175 miles have blazed and painted to prevent timber trespass. More than 300 miles of telephone lines have been built, and a hundred forest telephones are connected.

The total area of the forest nurseries devoted to raising trees in seventeen acres. The Department's nurseries have grown about 26,000,000 trees, 22,000,000 of which have been planted on 13,000 acres of burned over forest land. The annual production of the nurseries is now about 10,000,000 trees, and can still be much increased.

Fire towers have been built on 119 points of high elevation on the Forest, but only seven are of steel. A million fish have been planted in forest streams, and 1,300 of a total of 8,300 springs have been cleaned, walled and made accessible. Almost 3,600 handboards have been posted to guide travelers in the woods, and to mark plainly the boundary lines of State land.

Over a thousand camp sites are in use on the Forests, and 342 have been leased for a period of ten years. More than 100 leases were executed during 1916 only, and the number of campers and visitors of the Forests last year was over 61,000.

Seventy foresters and seventy-seven rangers were in service January 1. A number of the foresters are engaged in surveying, drafting and office work, so that the actual field force numbers only forty-eight. This gives each forester an area of over 20,000 acres, equivalent to a tract ten miles long and three miles wide.

STATE AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

The average price of swine increased from $11.80 per head in 1915 to $12.90 per head in January 1916 and is still on the increase.

The approximate total value of the horses, mules, cattle, sheep and swine in the State is $173,580,100 as compared with $167,843,000 a year ago.

During January the Dairy and Food bureau found ten violations of the oleomargarine laws where oleo was sold as butter in both the uncolored and colored state.

In many sections of the State farmers and persons having large lots in small towns have taken to the raising of more hogs.

There are 542 registered Percheron stallions, 173 registered standard bred and 123 registered Belgian stallions in the State.

Crawford county boasts of 37 registered Percheron stallions and Westmoreland county has 36.

In Washington county in 1915 there were 2,306 sheep killed and injured by dogs and 286 dogs were killed under the dog license tax bill by constables. During the past year only 795 sheep were reported killed and injured by dogs, but the court authorities killed over 3,3000 unregistered dogs.

Dunkle-Nearhood.

William K. Dunkle and Miss Verna Nearhood, both of State College, were united in marriage on Saturday, in Milton, by the Rev. Lentz, Reformed minister. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Nearhood and formerly lived in Centre Hall. The couple will reside in Milton.

Court's Doings.

February sessions of court convened on Monday morning with Judge H. C. Quigley on the bench. Harry J. Jackson, of Bellefonte, was selected foreman of the grand jury. A number of civil cases were continued owing to illness of counsel.

The case of William O'Brian, who was charged with assault and battery, Thomas E. Boyce, prosecutor, was put on trial. The case was the outgrowth of a wreck in which the defendant with his automobile ran into the prosecutor's horse and buggy and injuring the horse so that it had to be killed, besides causing injury to the prosecutor. The testimony conflicted as to whether or not either party was on the right side of the road. The lights on the defendant's car were not working, it was shown. The jury rendered a verdict of not guilty, the defendant to pay two-thirds and the prosecutor one-third of the costs.

On Tuesday morning all the jurors for the week not empanelled in two cases which were being prepared for trial were discharged.

Surprise Party.

A genuine surprise was sprung upon Mr. and Mrs. Lycurgus R. Lingle at their home at Earlystown, Wednesday evening of last week, when a number of friends and neighbors suddenly "popped in" upon them. Needless to say they were welcomely received and for several hours good cheer and merriment reigned supreme. At an appropriate hour refreshments consisting of ice cream, cake and candy were served. The following were present: Mr. and Mrs. Michael Delaney, Mr. and Mrs. Abner Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Durst, Mr. and Mrs John Delaney, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Frantz, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Delaney, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Royer, Celia, Edith and Lois Delaney, Ruth Rishel, Verna and Sarah Frantz, Margaret Alexander, Margaret Delaney, Mae, Marian and Elizabeth Royer, Harold Alexander, James Royer, Earl Delaney, Oran Hull, George and Wilbur Stover, Fred Shultz.

Eagles Admit Eight to Order.

The Centre Hall Castle Knights of the Golden Eagle held an interesting meeting in their hall last Thursday evening when a class of eight candidates, among them some of the town's best citizens, were admitted into the order. To make the work impressive the degree team from the Bellefonte lodge was invited over to confer the degree upon the class. Two large auto busses conveyed the Bellefonte contingent across the mountain. After a busy session an hour or more was devoted to social intercourse, during which time refreshments were served.

Zeigler-Weagley.

Ralph R. Zeigler and Miss Gladys G. Weagley, popular young people of Spring Mills, were married at the Methodist parsonage at Spring Mills last Thursday evening by Rev. W. H. Williams. The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Zeigler and the bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Matthias Weagley. The young couple will move onto the Hon. William Allison farm, which at present is tenanted by the father of the bride, and begin farming in the spring. Their many friends wish them success and happiness.

Mrs. Mary Ross at Death's Door.

As the Reporter goes to press (Wednesday 2 o'clock) Mrs. Mary Ross is lying at the point of death at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sadie Bushman, in Centre Hall. Mrs. Ross suffered a paralytic stroke on Monday morning at ten o'clock and has been unconscious since that time. She is past seventy-five years of age.

Carpet Factory Burns.

The L. M. Yoder carpet factory at Belleville, Mifflin county, was burned to the ground early last Thursday morning during the absence of the owner. The origin of the fire is unknown. It required hard work on the part of the volunteer fire fighters to save the handsome Yoder home from meeting a similar fate. The factory gave employment to ten workers and was noted for the excellence of its product. The loss is several thousand dollars.

Marriage Licenses.

Alva L. Kimble, Williamsport
Mildred Shope, Milesburg
Ralph Zeigler, Spring Mills
Gladys Weagley, Spring Mills
E. H. Hosterman, Spring Mills
Anneda Sechrist, Rebersburg
Paul F. Musser, State College
Ellen Garman, State College
Jas. W. Houser, Bellefonte
Mrs. Nannie Shaw, State College

Disastrous Wreck at Mt. Union.

The worst wreck the Pennsy has had in years occurred at Mt. Union station, Huntingdon county, at 12:08 o'clock Tuesday morning when an express train was run into by a fast preference freight. Twenty persons, occupying a Pullman car at the rear of the train, were instantly killed.

Laundry goes out from this office Wednesday of next week.

BOALSBURG

Edward Sellers, of Milton, spent several days here recently.

Guyer Durst spent several days with friends in Centre Hall.

Mrs. Earl Ross and son visited Mrs. Ross's sister Mrs. Chas. Motherbaugh.

Mrs. Robert Harter, of State College, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Ross.

There will be service in the Lutheran church on Sunday evening, March 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hoy, of Rockview, spent Thursday of last week at the home of Samuel Wagner.

William Fisher, of Sunbury, and Frank Fisher, of Altoona, visted their mother, Mrs. E. A. Fisher.

Mr. Zeigler and Mr. Roush of Rebersburg, Samuel Durst and C. R. Neff, of Centre Hall, were among the people who attended Farmers Institute.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ross and family, of Pine Grove Mills, spent Sunday afternoon at the F. W. Weber home.

Fred Ishler, who is employed in Iselin, Indiana county, spent a short time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Ishler, last week.

Dr. L. E. Kidder, Elmer Houtz, George Fortney, Matthew Goheen and Harry Kuhn attended an Automobile Show in Altoona.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reitz and son, of Stone Valley, and Mr. and Mrs. Israel Reitz, of State College, spent Sunday at the Henry Reitz home.

Mrs. Addie Parsels, of Philadelphia, Vice President of Pennsylvania W. C. T. U. and The National Lecturer and Organizer of the W. C. T. U., will speak in the Reformed church March 12. All are invited; a collection will be taken for this work.

On Friday afternoon of last week the children of the primary room with Miss Bingaman as teacher, celebrated the birthday of the great men, Lincoln and Washington. Several of the teachers, the High School boys and parents were present.

On Saturday afternoon Mrs. J. W. Keller, and Misses Margaretta Goheen, Ella Freed, Mary Segner, Martha Houtz, Mary Kidder, Rachel Segner, and Cecil Harro were entertained at the Wm. Ferree home at Oak Hall, where they listened to a very interesting talk given by Miss Pierceson on her travels through different countries.

Mrs. H. S. Harro entertained a number of little folks in honor of her daugher, Virginia's birthday. Those present were Meyers Close, Richard Ishler, Margaret Gingerich, Minnie Shutt, Harry Gingerich, Eugene, Charles, Christine Weaver, Mary Shutt, Robert Lucas, Theodore Lucas, Hester Lonberger, Mildred Kuhn, also Virginia's school teacher, Miss Bingaman, and Mrs. George Houtz.

Farmers Institute which was held in Boalsburg Wednesday and Thursday and Thursday of last week was very well attended every session. The subjects were very ably delivered by the speakers. On Wednesday evening J. W. Keller, forester of this place, gave an Illustrated Lecture on Forestry which was very instructive and and was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

On Thursday morning Dean Watts and Mr. Wood, of State College, were present and spoke. Mr. Woodward of Howard, County Chairman, complimented the choir and orchestra, the committe and all the people who attended on the good work they had done. At the close of the meeting on Thursday evening J. W. Keller read resolutions which are as follows:

Resolutions adopted at the end of the Thursday evening's meeting of the Farmers' Institute held at Boalsburg, February 21st and 22nd, 1917.

Whereas, the people of Boalsburg and vicinity have been afforded the opportunity of attending the sessions of the Farmers' Institute and have gained valuable information concerning methods of soil fertility, thereby enabling us to raise larger crops, also the proper care of farm stock, etc., and

Whereas, through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture instructors of unusual experience and ability have been sent to us and have presented their subjects in such an admirable manner, and

Whereas, our County Chairman has so successfully planned and conducted the meetings of the past two days, and

Whereas, we are indebted to the local committee for their efforts to make this institute a success and to those who have rendered such appropriate music for the occasion, be it therefore

Resolved, that we, the people of this district are grateful for the efforts made in our behalf and wish to show our appreciation to the gentlemen sent to us by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, the County Chairman, the gentlemen from the School of Agriculture of Pennsylvania State College, the members of the local committee and the musical organizations by a rising vote of thanks.

LOCAL COMMITTEE—
A. W. DALE Pres.
H. M. HOSTERMAN,
GEO. E. MEYER,
JOHN W. KELLER.

PENN HALL

Mrs. Anneda Sechrist, from Rebersburg, visited at the home of Ralph Shook a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Musser and daughter Ethel spent Sunday at the home of Harry Ulrich, at Coburn.

Dora McMurtrie visited her friend, Harold Holter, at Clintondale, over Sunday.

Mrs. George Shook spent Monday with friends at State College.

Bertha Henderson, of State College, visited at the home of Mrs. Jacob Meyer over Sunday.

John Roush from Zion visited his sister, Mrs. Ephraim Shook, over Sunday.

FORD

The Universal Car

320,817

Have been built and actually delivered to retail buyers since August 1, 1916.

These figures—320,817—represent the actual number of cars manufactured by us since August 1, 1916, and delivered by our agents to retail buyers.

This unusual fall and winter demand for Ford cars makes it necessary for us to confine the distribution of cars only to those agents who have orders for immediate delivery to retail customers, rather than to permit any agent to stock cars in anticipation of later spring sales.

We are issuing this notice to intending buyers that they may protect themselves against delay or disappointment in securing Ford cars. If, therefore, you are planning to purchase a Ford car, we advise you to place your order and take delivery now.

Immediate orders will have prompt attention.

Delay in buying at this time may cause you to wait several months.

Enter your order today for immediate delivery with our authorized Ford agent listed below and don't be disappointed later on.

PRICES

Runabout $345, Touring Car $360, Coupelet $505
Town Car $595, Sedan $645, f. o. b. Detroit

FORD MOTOR COMPANY

BOOZER & SMITH
CENTRE HALL, PA.

CENTRE OAK

Wheat and grass looks fair.

Spring-like weather is here. Roads are bad; lots of snow on the road yet.

Found.—Good kid glove on Brushvalley road call 74-5 Centre Hall exchange.

Miss Grace Long is at the Smith home while Mrs. Edith Vonada is spending some time with her daughters, in and near Madisonburg

Mr. and Mrs. John Breon and son Theodore spent Sunday afternoon at the Frankenberger home.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Feltonberger are the proud parents of an eight-pound boy, Richard Paul. Mother and baby are getting along nicely.

The Wert lumber company had one of their teams and wagons loaded with railroad ties in a tangle when the wagon slid off the road while coming down the mountain road. No one was badly hurt, not even the horses. The wagon was somewhat damaged. The team was on a pile partly under the wagon.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Mrs. Burdine Butler, Sr., near Howard, aged seventy-five years.

Frank A. Crosthwaite, station agent for the Bellefonte Central Railroad at State College, died at his home in that place, aged fifty-eight years.

Mrs Susan A. Dolan, in Bellefonte, aged seventy-five years.

The Clearfield opera house was totally destroyed by fire at an early hour Tuesday morning. Several prominent business firms were located in the building. The loss is between $100,000 and $125,000.

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN

Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.

Wheat (new)	——
Corn	.90
Oats	.55
Barley	.75
Rye	.90

PRODUCE AT STORES

Butter	.32
Eggs	.30

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration on the estate of D. W. Corman, late of Gregg township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated without delay for settlement.

E. ROY CORMAN, Administrator,
9 o.14. Spring Mills, Pa.

NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS.—

No dog license will be issued after constables receive their list to kill. The fee for males is 63 cents and for females $1.13. Only a few more day to receive tags.

(Signed)
COMMISSIONERS CENTRE COUNTY

WANTED.—Immediately at Lewistown hospital, a Cook; also girl for kitchen work. Good wages with room and board to reliable girls.—Apply to Lewistown Hospital, Lewistown, Pa.
9,o.10

STORE ROOM FOR RENT with good ware house, located on diamond of Boalsburg. A good chance for some good business man, rent reasonable. Apply to H. O. BARR, manager Boalsburg Estate, Boalsburg, Pa.

SMITH'S STORE

Where Quality Counts

The word QUALITY stands out prominently on all lines of goods carried in our store. If you have not yet become a customer of yours, we invite you to step in and make a trial purchase. We feel sure you will come again, for we believe that no other feature of a store's merchandise appeals to the public so much as QUALITY. It's a fixed habit with us, this QUALITY MERCHANDISE, and we therefore refuse to handle anything but the best.

Just now we are prepared to show you

New Spring Goods

New Shirts for Men (ask to see them)
New Dress Goods-many pretty patterns
New Shoes--for Dress and Work

Style, Quality and Price are right. We carry the largest assortment of Shoes to be found in any store in town and can satisfy you in Dress or Work Shoes.

Give us a call.

C. M. SMITH
CENTRE HALL

The Centre Hall Pharmacy

For Your Chapped Skin—
USE
Mulford's Cold Cream, 25c
OR
Parke-Davis' Cold Cream

Cough Syrups—
Dr. Longwell's Syrup White Pine and Eucalyptus
Dr. Longwell's Syrup Honey and Glycerine.

THE CENTRE HALL PHARMACY
A Store You Like to Go to

LOCALS.

D. J. Meyer visited his son, John D. Meyer, in Altoona, on Thursday.

Here we are in the first day of March. A month of sales and then down to real work on the farm.

Woon Young Chun is a renowned Chinaman. Go hear him speak in Grange Arcadia next Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry F. Hubler, of Lock Haven, spent Thursday at the home of the former's parents in this place.

Walter R. Hosterman, proprietor of the Spring Mills garage, was a brief business caller at this office on Monday.

Norman Emerick, who is employed by the Grand Union Tea Company, at DuBois, spent a few days with his mother in this place.

The town's younger set held a dance in Grange Arcadia Friday evening. Deitrich's orchestra from Bellefonte furnished the music.

Mr. and Mrs. James S. Stahl motored to State College on Sunday, spending the day with their daughter, Mrs. R. E. Snyder.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Boozer left last Thursday for Chicago, Ill., where they will spend two weeks with their son, Ralph C. Boozer, and family.

William Grossman, who had been spending the past six months in Ritchey, Illinois, returned to his home near Tusseyville this week.

The seventh annual banquet of the sheriff's association of Centre county was held at the hotel at Pleasant Gap last Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Thomas and daughter, Miss Jennie, attended the funeral of John Felding, a brother-in-law of Mrs. Thomas, at Linden Hall, on Tuesday.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, during the past four or five days, has been confined for a part of the time to bed. About Christmas time, Mr. Rhone received injuries from a fall from the effects of which he has not fully recovered. His suffering is mostly from severe pains in the head.

Prof. W. V. Godshall, B. S., M. S., principal of the Spring Mills schools, has decided to open a normal school at Spring Mills about April 25th, and has an advertisement to that effect in this issue. Students wishing to prepare for advanced school work should read the ad.

The P. O. S. of A., in convention at Harrisburg last Thursday, adopted resolutions approving the stand of President Wilson in the present international crisis, and pledging its support in the event of war. The president was asked to furnish rifles to the Pennsylvania division of the P. O. S. of A. reserves, for immediate training service.

James J. Gramley, ex-county treasurer, who has spent the greater part of the past twenty-five years in Illinois, arrived in Centre county last Wednesday and is now circulating among relatives in Brush Valley. Less than a year ago Mr. Gramley purchased a farm near Smullton and he is thinking seriously of remaining here and looking after it.

According to testimony produced before the jury of view appointed by the court to condemn the Lewistown and Kishacoquillas Turnpike between Lewistown and Reedsville the total receipts from tolls collected during the past eighteen years amount to $90,677.32. A number of witnesses testified that the road in its present condition was considered a handicap to the best interests of Mifflin county.

Judge Quigley must be commended for meting out a sentence, calling for a fine of $100, to Wm. M. A. Pizer, of Philipsburg, for violating the law regulating the sale of cigarettes. This law is being flagrantly violated by practically every dealer in cigarettes. Locally mere children are daily seen smoking the "papers." The action of the court ought to have a wholesome effect for the good of this as well as every other community in Centre county.

Rev. William R. Jones, pastor of several Methodist congregations in and about Shawville, Clearfield county, was taken to the Clearfield hospital last Friday for an operation for mastoiditis, made necessary as the result of a severe attack of La Grippe. Following the operation word was received by his parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. R. Jones, in this place, that the operation which was a rather severe one, was successful. The young minister will be obliged to remain in the hospital for several weeks.

McAllister scholarships at the Pennsylvania State College will be awarded this year to students from Columbia, Mifflin, Perry, Wyoming and Centre counties. These five counties show the highest ratio of students enrolled to the total population of the county. High school principals will conduct competative examinations to select candidates for the scholarships. The candidates will be tested in United States history, civil government, algebra to quadratics, plane geometry, English grammar and English classics. The scholarships were established by Dr. and Mrs. T. R. Hays, of Bellefonte, and are worth $90 in cash. They are valid for one year, beginning next September. Examinations will be held and the appointments made before June 1.

DEATHS.

John Felding, a respected citizen of Harris township, died at his home about a mile east of Linden Hall, Thursday evening at five o'clock after a two weeks' illness with grip which terminated in pneumonia.

Deceased was born at Pittsburgh and at the time of his death was aged sixty-eight years and four months. He was a farmer all his life and occupied the farm on which he died for the past twenty-three years. In 1872 he married Miss Nancy Witmer who survives with four children, namely, Lemuel Felding, of Lamar; George W., at home; William H., of Staten Island, New York; Mrs. Wallace White, of Linden Hall. One brother, Casper Felding, of Pittsburgh, and four sisters—Mrs. John Rosenhamer, of Latrobe; Mrs. John Kline, of Saint Bonifacius; Misses Eva and Mary Felding, of Colluns, Alabama, also survive. Mr. Felding was of the Catholic faith and religiously observed its teachings all his life. He was a home-loving man, and consequently was a devoted husband and kind father.

Funeral services were held Tuesday morning at ten o'clock at his late home and burial was made in the Boalsburg cemetery, Rev. G. L. Courtney of the Lutheran church officiating.

Bellefonte Heat Plant Sold.

The Bellefonte gas and steam heating plant was sold at sheriff's sale on Monday for $500. Harry T. Mann bought the plant as trustee for the bondholders.

LOCALS

The condition of Mrs. W. A. Krise continues to be critical.

Mrs. Rebecca Scholl is visiting friends in Lemont this week.

Miss Bertha Strohmeier is visiting Miss Besse Breon and mother in State College.

Mrs. George H. Emerick sustained cuts about the head when she fell on the ice at her home on Tuesday morning.

Spring-like were Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, mercury climbing close to the 60 mark. Thunder showers with sharp flashes of lightning occurred Monday evening.

Mrs. W. F. Keller, who for a month has been suffering from inflammation in one of her eyes, is now considerably better. The abscess formed on the eye lid was lanced on Monday, and it is now thought the inflammation will subside.

The People's National Bank, of Selinsgrove, a new institution, will be started in that town shortly with a capital stock of $35,000. That sum has almost been raised, $20,000 being subscribed on the first day subscription papers were taken out. Negotiations are being made for the purchase of the Arbogast building. The bank is the third to be started in Selinsgrove. Both of the other institutions are flourishing.

Robert Bierly, of Rebersburg, accompanied by Misses Helen Colyer and Madaline Cable, of Millheim, Saturday night figured in an automobile accident in Millheim says the Journal. When driving in front of the residence occupied by Mrs. Susan Cummings, on North street, the car ran into a snow drift and turned over. None of the occupants were hurt, but the automobile top was pretty well demolished. After righting the machine it was run with its own power.

Spring Mills.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Miles Johnson on Saturday.

Andrew Rote purchased a phonograph from J. L. Decker.

Mrs. Sarah Snavely, of Mifflinburg, spent a week with friends and relatives.

C. J. Finkle, who is employed at Burnham, spent Sunday with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Orvis Beaty, and son Glenn, of Avis, attended the banquet of the I. O. O. F. on Thursday evening.

The high school scholars had their annual school party at the home of William Carson, on Tuesday evening.

A few of our young people attended a dance at Penn Hall, on Friday evening. Some young men annoyed them by stealing their robes, harness, buggy wheels, etc.

One of the horses that burned in the railroad wreck at Bristol, was kept at Penn Hall all winter by Ralph Shook, nephew of John Detwiler. It was in perfect condition and was a beauty; and was much admired wherever Mr. Shook drove it.

Between two hundred and fifty and three hundred persons attended the I. O. O. F. banquet held in the Grange hall on Thursday evening. Refreshments, consisting of oysters, sandwiches, pickles, ice cream and cake, were served after which a social time was enjoyed by all.

HOME FOR SALE.—HOME, KNOWN AS the Oliver Love place, at Colyer, is offered for sale. Good dwelling house, good barn, new chicken house, all necessary outbuildings. A new well of good water at back door. Four acres of land with good fruit. Large chicken house, 40 feet long, making it an ideal place for poultry raising. Located along public road and mail brought right to door. Very pleasant place to live.
Price reasonable. Time will be given to right party.
Inquire of—
CHARLES WOLFE,
Colyer, Pa.
2 t

To Prevent Potato Waste.

The scarcity of potatoes with the consequently high price has caused the authorities at State College to issue a pamphlet calling attention to the great waste in this State in the raising of this most important article of diet. According to the above authority, Pennsylvania's potato crop this year suffered a loss of about 4,500,000 bushels through preventable diseases. The department of botany, upon whose records the statement is based, estimates this loss to be 20 per cent of the normal annual output. Farmers planning to plant large acreages of potatoes this spring are advised by the college authorities to take preventative measures to control these diseases which have destroyed more than $13,000,000 worth of tubers this year. A special bulletin has been prepared which outlines methods of combatting all the principal potato diseases. This bulletin is mailed upon request to all growers in the state. Common scab is said to be the most usual and the best known enemy of the potato. Effective treatment in preventing scabs, as recommended at State College, involve soaking the seed potatoes in a solution of formaldehyde and water.

Centre Reporter, $1.50 per year.

For Winter Sewing

Sheeting, Pillow Tubing, Table Linen, Shirtings, Ginghams and Dress Ginghams.

Old-fashioned Calico for piecing.

Lot of New Queensware at 10c.

Heavy Hose—wool and cotton.

A few more Blankets.

Sunbury Bread.

Store closes every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

H. F. Rossman

SPRING MILLS, PA.

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

It is interesting to stop and recall how many good things you have heard of the car, and how very few of the other sort.

Its merits are now so universally accepted that they are rarely a subject of discussion.

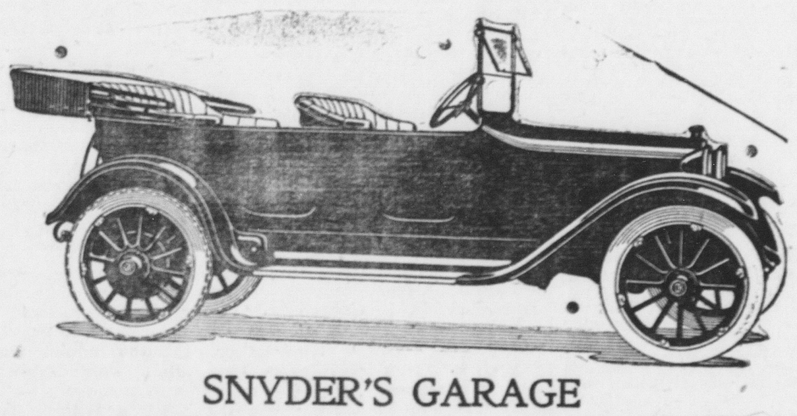
That the car is all it is represented to be is taken for granted. That it is good value is conceded beforehand.

Therefore sales are very quickly consummated.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.
The tire mileage is unusually high.

Touring Car or Roadster, $785; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, $950; Sedan, $1185
(All prices f. o. b. Detroit)



SNYDER'S GARAGE

121-123 Burrow St. Bell 'Phone 200 State College, Pa.

GARMAN THEATRE, 1 DAY, TUES., MARCH 6

TWICE—Matinee at 2:30, Evening at 8:15

SPECIAL NOTICE:—The Garman Theatre, in competition with many other Theatres in this State, has secured this Superb Attraction for This Day Only, and highly recommend it to all Schools and those attending Court.

D. W. GRIFFITH'S GIGANTIC SPECTACLE

5,000 SCENES

POSITIVELY THE LAST TIME IN THIS CITY

COST $500,000

3,000 HORSES

SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 25 FROM THE LIBERTY THEATRE NEW YORK

8 MONTHS to Produce

SPECIAL REDUCED PRICES

MATINEE—Entire Orchestra 50 cents; Balcony First 3 Rows Reserved 50 cents, Balance of Balcony 25c.

NIGHT—Orchestra First 6 Rows 75 cents, Balance of Orchestra $1.00; Balcony First 3 Rows 75 cents, Next 2 Rows 50 cents; Balance of Balcony 25 cents.

Seats for both performances on Sale Monday, March 5, at 9 a. m. at Parrish's Drug Store

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

Poor Father.

Daughter—Pa, what is your birthstone?

Father of Seven (wearily)—The grindstone, I guess, my child.

A Kidney Medicine That Heals and Strengthens

I have been troubled with kidney trouble and stoppage of the bladder for six years. I doctored with several doctors, but received no benefit; had to get up often during the night, suffered severe pains and loss of sleep. I commenced taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and it seemed to relieve me instantly. After taking one dollar bottle I was entirely well, and I sincerely hope that my word will be the means of restoring many other sufferers of kidney and bladder trouble to good health.

Yours truly,
THOS. G. HARRIS,
3239 Chestnut Avenue.
June 12, 1916. Baltimore, Md.

Subscribed and sworn to this 12th day of June, 1916.
ALBERT H. CARRILL,
Notary Public.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Was He?

She—You're the third man that has proposed to me this evening.

He—I hope I'm not the last.

CUTICURA IS SO SOOTHING

To Itching, Burning Skins—It Not Only Soothes, but Heals—Trial Free.

Treatment: Bathe the affected surface with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. Repeat morning and night. This method affords immediate relief, and points to speedy healment. They are ideal for every-day toilet uses.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

She Emphasized the "You."

He—The fools are not all dead yet.

She—That's as true as you live.—Boston Transcript.

ACTRESS TELLS SECRET.

A well known actress gives the following recipe for gray hair: To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Up in Zoology.

Teacher—What can you tell me about the rabbit?

Pupil—Its left hindfoot is lucky.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Polite and Safe.

"What is a bachelor girl, pa?"

"That's what you call an old maid to her face, my son."

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuric for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

Defined.

"Aren't the fashions this season less extreme?"

"Oh, extremely less."

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful and prompt but safe. One dose only is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary. Adv.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power runs a new pump for inflating automobile tires.

As we grow more sensible, we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea. Adv.

It is all right to keep your eyes open, but it is charity to sometimes close them to the faults of others.

PRESIDENT WILSON TO GO TO CONGRESS

Will Ask for Power to Protect American Lives and Property.

THE YARROWDALE SAILORS

Fearing That the Summoning In Extra Session Might Be Interpreted To Forecast Declaration Of War, President Will Try To Avoid This Course.

Washington.—Full and complete authority to take any action necessary to meet any eventuality growing out of the German crisis will be demanded of Congress by President Wilson this week. The President will appear personally before a joint session of the House and Senate and ask for legislation empowering him to handle the international situation after Congress adjourns on March 4. The President had determined on this course as the best means of meeting the tangled international situation.

Wants To Avoid Calling Congress.

The President decided on this course because he believed it would arouse less misunderstanding and distrust both in the United States and abroad, than any other means of making adequate proposals to meet the situation.

The administration feels that a call for an extra session of Congress after March 5 would be interpreted abroad, particularly in Germany, as indicating a determination to declare war. This he particularly desires to avoid. It was stated that the President is extremely anxious that no move made by this government should serve to aggravate the controversy with Germany. He feels that to secure whatever authority may be necessary to be used in his own discretion and then allow Congress to leave Washington without the necessity for an extra session if a further break with Germany becomes necessary will cause less friction than any other course.

Another Note To Germany.

The United States in a note transmitted to the Berlin Foreign Office, through the Spanish ambassador there, has again demanded the release of the Americans made prisoners on the prize ship Yarrowdale. In the absence of a satisfactory response to an inquiry sent recently it was decided to demand their immediate release.

No time limit for the release of the prisoners was fixed by the department.

In this connection it was emphasized that the U-boat campaign is the big question in dispute between the two countries and that collateral matters will not be allowed to cloud the issue. It was stated that only the reversal or modification of the German declaration of ruthless warfare on shipping can alleviate the strained situation.

LOST BOTH ARMS AND EYE IN WAR

Turkish Bullet Explodes Bomb In Hands Of American.

New York.—Mark Alexander, of Roanoke, Va., arrived here on the steamer Orduna. He said that he had gone abroad as a horse handler shortly after the outbreak of the war, and had enlisted with the British forces. He was detailed to a bombing squad, and sent with the expeditionary forces to the Dardanelles.

During a charge he was holding a bomb preparatory to throwing when a shot from a Turkish rifle exploded it in his hands, cutting off both arms above the elbows and destroying the sight of his right eye. He receives a small pension from the British Government.

GENERAL PERSHING IS NAMED.

Succeeds General Funston As Head Of Southern Department.

Washington.—Brig.-Gen. John J. Pershing, who commanded the American punitive expedition in Mexico, was appointed to succeed the late General Funston as commander of the Southern Department of the United States Army.

With Funston's death, Brigadier-General Pershing automatically assumed temporary command of the department. The appointment by Secretary of War Baker makes him the Southern Department's permanent commander.

MISS NONA McADOO ENGAGED.

Secretary's Daughter Will Wed Russian Diplomat.

Washington.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Mrs. McAdoo, daughter of the President, announced the engagement of Mr. McAdoo's daughter Nona Hazlehurst McAdoo, to Ferdinand De Mohrenschildt, second secretary of the Imperial Russian Embassy in Washington.

ONLY HULLS ESCAPE DAMAGE.

German Sailors Wreck Their Ships In Honolulu Harbor.

Washington.—German crews, who damaged their vessel in Honolulu harbor when relations between the United States and Germany were broken, destroyed even the scientific instruments. A report to the Department of Commerce says only hulls escaped.

CALLING THE ROLL

(Copyright.)

"BONE DRY" BILL PASSES HOUSE

Fourteen States Are Affected By Drastic Legislation.

LIQUOR ADS ALSO BARRED

Fine Or Imprisonment Provided For Violations Of the Law—Action Of the House On Measure Is Almost Overwhelming.

Washington.—The Senate "bone dry" amendment to the postal bill prohibiting shipments of liquor into States which have prohibition laws, was accepted by the House, 321 to 72. It is accounted one of the most far-reaching prohibition measures in years because it will make absolutely dry States which now permit shipments in limited quantities.

Opponents Laughed Down.

Every effort to change the amendment was defeated overwhelmingly. Cries of "Bone Dry!" rang throughout the House and the sentiment swept the House until the last vote for concurrence was cast.

The amendment is comparably the most far-reaching prohibition legislation ever approved by either house of Congress, would raise an absolute barrier against the shipment of liquor into 15 States where it can be imported legally now and where millions of dollars' worth is consumed annually. It would add to the "bone dry" territory about one-third of continental United States.

Fourteen States Affected.

Of the 22 States which will be prohibition territory on July 1, when the amendment would be effective, only 8 have forbidden importation of intoxicants for personal use. The 14 around which the provision would erect a non-importation barrier are: Alabama, Colorado, Georgia, Iowa, Maine, Mississippi, Nebraska, North Dakota, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, South Dakota, Virginia and West Virginia. Most of these have set no limitation on the amount that can be brought in for individual use, but in several cases the amendment would nullify directly State statutes expressly permitting importation of stipulated amounts per capita.

Marks New Departure.

In addition, Michigan, Montana and Indiana have enacted prohibition laws which will put them into the prohibition column, subject to the provisions of the Reed amendment.

The amendment marks virtually the only step ever taken by the Federal Government aside from the internal revenue laws to extend its control over the liquor traffic throughout the States. It is the only important Federal legislation affecting liquor shipments, excepting the Webb-Kenyon law, which merely gave Federal force to State regulations by providing that no liquor shall be imported into States which forbid its importation.

Provisions Of Bill.

"Whoever shall order, purchase or cause intoxicating liquors to be transported in interstate commerce," the amendment stipulates, "except for scientific, medicinal or mechanical purposes, into any State or Territory prohibiting the manufacture or sale therein of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $1000 or imprisonment for not more than six months or both, and for any subsequent offense shall be imprisoned not more than one year."

It also is provided that no newspaper or other publication or letter containing liquor advertising shall be carried in the mails in States that prohibit such advertising.

ARMY BILL PASSED.

Carries An Appropriation Of About $250,000,000.

Washington.—The army appropriation bill carrying about $250,000,000 was passed by the House without a record vote. An attempt to add universal training legislation was defeated by a point of order.

WOMEN PEEVED OVER INAUGURAL

Decline to March in Parade in Washington.

FLOATS CAUSE THE DISPUTE

Robert N. Harper Denies Authority Of Mrs. James H. Boggs, Head Of the Women's Wilson Union To Call Off Participation.

Washington.—A controversy over what part women shall take in the inauguration ceermonies came to a head here with an announcement by Mrs. James H. Boggs, president of the Women's Wilson Union, and a member of the inaugural committee, that because of a ruling barring from the inauguration ceremonies came to a floats being organized under her direction, she had declared, "the withdrawal of all women from the parade."

Robert N. Harper, chairman of the committee, replied to the announcement with the statement that Mrs. Boggs had no authority to declare such a withdrawal. He said women were wanted in the parade, and that the state floats had been barred only because the plans for them were in so uncertain a stage that he feared they could not be completed in time to conform to the committee's standards.

The decision to withdraw, Mrs. Boggs declared, had the endorsement of the executive board of the Wilson Union, including the wives of many senators and representatives and other public officials, and would receive the backing also of millions of women throughout the country. Her announcement, issued as chairman of the women's division of the inaugural committee said:

Women Withdraw.

"The chairman of the women's division of the inaugural committee announces the withdrawal of all women from the parade, which will take place on March 5.

"This decision was reached after it became known that Chairman Harper had arbitrarily ruled that state floats and automobile representations which had been planned for and financed by prominent men and women of the various states, would not be allowed in the line of parade."

Although she would not add to this statement, Mrs. Boggs indicated clearly that it only feebly expressed her indignation over the incident and that the women of the Union might have something more to say on the subject later. Mr. Harper declared there never had been such an organization as a woman's division of the inaugural committee and intimated that he would take no further notice of Mrs. Boggs' announcement.

"No one except Major General Scott, who is grand marshal, and myself has authority to say who shall or shall not take part in the parade," said Mr. Harper. "We want women to participate, provided only they conform to the same requirements that are laid down for the men."

MAJ. THOMAS E. DAVIS DEAD.

Chief Editor Of Picayune and With Lee At Appomattox.

New Orleans.—Maj. Thomas E. Davis, for years editor-in-chief of the New Orleans Picayune and regarded as one of the best known newspaper men of the South, died here. He was 62 years old. Major Davis was a native of Lynchburg, Va. He attained the rank of major in the Confederate Army, and was with General Lee at the surrender at Appomattox. Major Davis had not been actively engaged in newspaper work for several years.

OFFICIALS CLEARED OF "LEAK."

House Rules Committee Votes On This Phase Only.

Washington.—The House Rules Committee decided to report that its investigation of an alleged "leak" on President Wilson's peace note had shown that no public officials were responsible for any advance information on it becoming public.

TWO AMERICANS U-BOAT VICTIMS

Shelled Without a Warning While Abandoning Ship.

U. S. CONSUL SENDS REPORT

United States Consul Frost's Report On the Sinking Of a Norwegian Steamer By a Submarine, Which, According To His Statement, Afterward Fired On Lifeboat.

Washington.—Out of the German war zone came another report of relentless submarine warfare that tightened the gradually relaxing international tension in Washington. Consul Frost at Queenstown reported the shelling of the Norwegian steamer Balbeatie while the crew was abandoning the vessel. Two Americans in the crew of the Balbeatie were saved.

The significant statement in Consul Frost's report that the Balbeatie was shelled "without cause while abandoning ship" caused grave concern among State Department officials, although the department flatly declined to discuss the incident in any way. It was pointed out, however, that the Balbeatie case would add weight to the long list of cumulative violations of American rights which the President now has before him and which, it has been said, might become the basis for the "next step" in the controversy with Germany.

However, opinion was divided as to the possibilities of the Balbeatie's destruction as affecting the status of the German-American relations. While some considered it an "overt act," more conservative elements pointed out that in many previous cases, the most recent being the sinking of the Californian, alarming reports about "shelling lifeboats" had reached Washington and were later proved exaggerated or wholly false.

Consul Frost's Telegram.

The report of Consul Frost on the sinking of the Balbeatie was received by the State Department. It was not given out, however, until cabled reports of the sinking of the vessel were published. The State Department announcement said: "The following dispatch was received from Consul Frost, at Queenstown: Norwegian steamer Balbeatie, 819 tons, carrying coal, Glasgow to Gibraltar, sunk 11 A. M., 17th, by shell fire, 30 miles off Fastnet. Carried neither gun or wireless. Stopped engine upon first shot, but was shelled without cause while abandoning ship. No offer of aid. Weather heavy, swells, light wind, clear sky. Boat (evidently referring to lifeboat) rescued 1.30 A. M., 18th. Two native Americans on board, Frank Wood, Keene, N. H.; John Guerra, Los Angeles. Wood in hospital at Schull with acute bronchitis contracted prior to disaster, but aggravated by exposure."

NAVAL APPROPRIATION HEAVY.

Big Increase For Speeding Work On War Vessels.

Washington.—Carrying about $531,000,000, an increase of $163,000,000 over the total as is passed the House, the annual naval appropriations bill was completed by a sub-committee of the Senate Naval Committee.

The principal increase was an appropriation of $150,000,000 for speeding up work on naval vessels already authorized, which had been rejected in the House on a point of order.

Other important increases include $400,000,000 for a high power radio station in Porto Rico; $600,000 for batteries for merchant auxiliaries, and $450,000 for ammunitions for such auxiliaries; $3,000,000 for reserve material for the navy, and $1,950,000 for engineering purposes, including radio installation on light vessels.

SAW GERMAN RAIDER AT WORK.

Seamen of British Freighter Establish Identity of Vineta.

New York.—The identification of one of the German South Atlantic sea raiders as the cruiser Vineta was definitely established with the arrival here of 11 sailors, seven of whom are Americans, who were members of the crew of the British steamship St. Theodore.

The Vineta, after capturing the British freighter early in January, turned the St. Theodore into a raiding vessel by mounting guns on her deck and supplying her with a German crew. The Vineta then resumed her mission of destroying Entente vessels, and the men arriving here said they were allowed to witness, from the cruiser's deck, the sinking of two French sailing vessels and five British steamships.

W. VA. TO FIGHT DEBT MANDAMUS

Senate Directs Counsel To Appeal Before Supreme Court.

Charleston, W. Va.—The West Virginia Senate unanimously adopted a resolution directing the Attorney-General and other counsel to appear before the Supreme Court and oppose the mandamus asked for by Virginia to compel West Virginia to take steps to pay the old Virginia debt. The Governor is requested, whether the judgment be for or against West Virginia, to convene the Legislature in special session as soon as possible.

A DIFFERENCE IN THE INVESTMENT

The Western Canada Farm Profits Are Away in Excess.

Mr. George H. Barr, of Iowa, holds seven sections of land in Saskatchewan. These he has fenced and rented, either for pasture or cultivation, all paying good interest on the investment.

Mr. Barr says that farm land at home in Iowa is held at $150 per acre. These lands are in a high state of cultivation, with splendid improvements in houses, barns, stables and silos, and yet, the revenue returns from them are only from two to three per cent per annum on investment.

Last year, 1915, his half share of crop on a quarter section in Saskatchewan, wheat on new breaking, gave him 35 per cent on the capital invested—$25.00 an acre. The crop yield was 35 bushels per acre. This year the same quarter-section, sown to Red Fife on stubble gave 3,286 bushels. His share, 1,643 bushels of 1 Northern at $1.56 per bushel, gave him $2,563.08. Seed, half the twine and half the threshing bill cost him $453.00. Allowing a share of the expense of his annual inspection trip, charged to this quarter-section even to $110.00, and he has left $2,000.00, that is 50 per cent of the original cost of the land. Anyone can figure up that another average crop will pay, not 2 or 3 per cent on investment, as in Iowa, but the total price of the land. Mr. Barr says: "That's no joke now."

Mr. Barr was instrumental in bringing a number of farmers from Iowa to Saskatchewan in 1913. He referred to one of them, Geo. H. Kerton, a tenant farmer in Iowa. He bought a quarter-section of improved land at $32.00 an acre near Hanley. From proceeds of crop in 1914, 1915, 1916, he has paid for the land. Mr. Barr asked him a week ago: "Well, George, what shall I tell friends down home for you?" The reply was: "Tell them I shall never go back to be a tenant for any man." Another man, Charles Haight, realized $18,000 in cash for his wheat crops in 1915 and 1916.

Mr. Barr when at home devotes most of his time to raising and dealing in live stock. On his first visit of inspection to Saskatchewan, he realized the opportunity there was here for grazing cattle. So his quarter-sections, not occupied, were fenced and rented as pasture lands to farmers adjoining. His creed is: "Let nature supply the feed all summer while cattle are growing, and then in the fall, take them to farmsteads to be finished for market. There is money in it."—Advertisement.

Weary's Joke.

"De hen must be a gloomy critter."

"Why?"

"Always broodin', you know."

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Jawcrackers.

"Why do they call him the unspeakable Turk?"

"Wait until the fighting gets to the Turkish towns and you'll soon find out."

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort, and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere 25c. Try it today. Adv.

Honesty is the best policy—for all your neighbors.

Strong Drinks Irritate

Strong drinks like beer, whiskey, tea and coffee, irritate the kidneys and habitual use tends to weaken them. Daily backache, with headache, nervousness, dizzy spells and a rheumatic condition should be taken as a warning of kidney trouble. Cut out, or at least moderate, the stimulant, and use Doan's Kidney Pills. They are fine for weak kidneys. Thousands recommend them.

A Virginia Case

R. H. Clary, Brunswick Ave., Emporia, Va., says: "I was in a bad way for months with kidney trouble and my back felt as though it was broken. Mornings, I was so stiff and sore I could hardly get up. My head ached, my sight got poor and my nerves were in bad shape. I finally had to quit work. The first two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me and continued use made me a strong and healthy man."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

IF YOU HAVE

Malaria or Piles, Sick Headache, Costive Bowels, Dumb Ague, Sour Stomach, and Belching; if your food does not assimilate and you have no appetite,

Tutt's Pills

will remedy these troubles. Price, 25 cents.

DRIVE MALARIA OUT OF THE SYSTEM

BABEK for That Tired Feeling

A GOOD TONIC AND APPETIZER

Salesmen Wanted

We can use the services of several responsible men to represent us for the sale of Hoods-Virginia Grown Nursery Stock. Farmers, School Teachers, Students and others can make the work profitable canvassing all or part time. Liberal proposition; cash weekly advances; ample territory. Write at once for our SPECIAL OFFER. Outfit free. W. T. HOOD & CO., Old Dominion Nurseries, Dept. W. N., Richmond, Va

For Sale To close estate we offer best general farm in southwestern Mich. 260 acres, well improved; 3 miles to good town. Warner & Co. Benton Harbor, Mich.

Taking Sides.

"Truth is mighty and will prevail," said the vociferous man.

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum; "but when truth is making the fight, maybe she'd prevail quicker if a lot of us wasn't so neutral."

Garfield Tea, by purifying the blood, eradicates rheumatism, dyspepsia and many chronic ailments. Adv.

Why She Could Do It.

Patience—Did you hear that Peggy gave her hand in marriage to a man one night and two nights later gave another man her hand?

Patrice—Oh, yes; you know she's ambidextrous.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

French aviation experts have perfected a ten-cylinder motor that produces 100-horse power.

Boschee's German Syrup

We all take cold some time and everybody should have Boschee's German Syrup handy at all times for the treatment of throat and lung troubles, bronchial coughs, etc. It has been on the market 51 years. No better recommendation is possible. It gently soothes inflammation, eases a cough, insures a good night's sleep, with free expectoration in the morning. Druggists' and dealers' everywhere, 25c and 75c bottles. Don't take substitutes.

Boschee's German Syrup

STOCK LICK IT—STOCK LIKE IT

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Contains Copperas for Worms, Sulphur for the Blood, Saltpeter for the Kidneys, Nux Vomica, a Tonic, and Pure Dairy Salt. Used by Veterinarians 12 years. No Dosing. Drop Brick in feed-box. Ask your dealer for Blackman's or write

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

TAPS

Relieves and Remedies
CONSTIPATION

They keep the Intestines clear of poisons that bring disease—and they do it in a natural, human way. They stir the Liver to activity and cause it to perform its necessary work.

TAPS will soon eliminate any necessity for the use of a laxative.

Buy a Box—10 Taps 10c. All Druggists or mailed on receipt of price.

TAPS PHARMACAL CO.
38 West 21st Street, New York City

Take a tip—take a TAP

GALL STONES (No Oil) AVOID OPERATIONS

No more Gallstone Pains or Aches in Stomach, Back, Side or Shoulders; Liver Troubles, Stomach Misery, Dyspepsia, Colic, Gas Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Piles, Catarrh, Nervousness, Bites, Jaundice, Appendicitis. These are common Gallstone symptoms—CAN BE CURED. Send for home treatment. Medical Book on Liver, Stomach, Gall Troubles and Appendicitis. FREE

Gallstone Remedy Co., Dept. W-9, 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago

RESERVE ARMY OF 4,000,000 MEN

General Staff's Universal Service Bill in Senate.

ANNUAL COST $472,258,746

The Scheme Would Enroll About 500,000 Youths 19 Years Old, Mentally and Physically Fit, With No Dependent Parents.

Washington.—The Army General Staff Universal Service Bill was transmitted to the Senate Military Committee by Secretary Baker without a definite expression by the administration either on the general subject or the special proposal.

The Secretary said it was not thought that Congress could give so intricate a problem consideration in the closing days of this session, but suggested that wide publicity be given the staff plan "to the end that both Congress and the War Department can, in any subsequent consideration given to the subject, have the benefit of an enlightened, thoughtful public opinion upon the needs and wishes of the country."

"As yet," the letter of transmittal continues, "I am not prepared to say officially for the War Department that the need of the country can reasonably be said to be for so great an establishment nor can we yet, without further study and deliberation, be confident that the means suggested are the most appropriate to the need which it shall be determined wise to foresee."

Force Of 4,000,000 Men.

In round numbers the staff plan would supply a trained force of 4,000,000 men, with one year of intensive military instruction. It is estimated by the War College that approximately 500,000 boys in their nineteenth year would be available for training annually. They would, under the plan, be liable to call to the colors until 32 years of age, passing after the first 11 months of their training to the first reserve for the next four years and one month, then into the second reserve and finally into the unorganized reserve, until they reached the age of 45.

The purpose of the bill is to constitute the first reserve as a fully organized and equipped fighting force with a strength of 1,500,000 ready to respond instantly to a call to arms. The second reserve, of equal size, but only partially equipped, would require some time to take the field. Eventually there would be 1,000,000 additional trained men ready to fill in gaps at the front.

In addition to these forces there would be a regular army, composed of men choosing military life as a profession, of 24,400 officers and 285,886 enlisted men. Of these 97,000 would form the oversea forces and 29,000 the frontier forces, the remainder composing the permanent training personnel which could take care of the instruction of from 49,386 to 654,292 reserve recruits annually. If the proportion of available men for training was greater than the figure given the permanent training force would have to be proportionately increased.

WILSON WILL RECALL SENATE.

Upper House To Sit In Extra Session For Inaugural Ceremonies.

Washington.—President Wilson will call an extra session of the Senate for confirmation of his Cabinet and to carry out its part in the inaugural of Vice-President Marshall. The announcement was made in contradiction of unfounded reports that the President might break another precedent and not call the Senate in for the work it usually performs in the inauguration ceremonies.

It was definitely decided that President Wilson will take his new oath of office in private in the White House on Sunday, March 4. Whether he will take it again at the public ceremony on March 5 or merely make that the occasion for delivering his inaugural address has not been decided.

Ratification of the Colombian treaty will be pressed at this time, Senator Stone, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, announced. It is not necessary that the House be in session. The upper body will also have power to alter its rules of procedure without the House being in session.

In connection with the inauguration ceremonies the Senate will proceed with its organization for the next Congress.

The Vice-President will take the oath of office from Senator Saulisbury, President pro tempore of the Senate, following which the Vice-President will swear in the new and re-elected Senators.

President Wilson is expected to witness the reorganization ceremonies.

VOCATIONAL BILL SIGNED.

Federal Aid Given States That Adopt That Kind Of Training.

Washington. — President Wilson signed the Smith-Hughes Vocational bill providing for Federal aid to the States in promoting training in agriculture, trades, home economics and industrial subjects. The bill appropriates for preparing teachers $500,000 for 1918, $700,000 for 1919, $900,000 for 1920 and $1,000,000 for 1921 and annually thereafter.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE ITEMS

Jonathan Stackhouse, a Horsham section farmer, sent an auto load of potatoes to Philadelphia and obtained an average of $3 a bushel for the 150.

When the lights got out of order Edward Godshall's auto collided with Elmer Poley's team, near Black Rock, and the horse had to be killed because of a broken leg.

The yearly expense of maintaining prisoners from Chester county at the Eastern Penitentiary is $9759.

Skippack Fire Company will get a new engine, and has ordered 1000 feet of hose.

More than 600 employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad, outside of the train service at Sunbury, were surprised to get a notice of a voluntary increase in wages of 10 per cent. This will mean from $5 to $20 more a month for the individual.

As John Marks was ready to go to work at the American Iron and Steel plant, Reading, he was stricken with heart trouble and died.

David Evans lost his life through a mine cave-in in the western section of Scranton. Evans was asphyxiated by gas.

A master in divorce in Berks Court reported favorably in the case of Nelson R. Crisman, of Reading, against his wife, Katherine D. Crisman, of Brooklyn.

Alleged to have stolen a gold watch from William Horning, of Parkerford, Benjamin Koury was held in Pottstown to answer a charge of highway robbery.

Although he tossed pennies by the handful to Reading kids, John Kelly, 35 years old, was arrested for begging on Reading streets and fined $11.25.

Paralysis, with which he was stricken, caused the death of Roundsman Wilton Billet at York.

John W. Hemerly, of Bootwyn, 68, returned with his daughter, Mrs. Harry Moore, from a trip in Chester, and fell dead of heart disease at the feet of his faithful horse in the stable.

The Catasauqua School Board has elected W. R. Thomas a member in place of Mrs. Elizabeth De Groot, resigned.

Within the past year bounties of $313 were paid by the State Game Commission for the destruction in Carbon county of seven wildcats, 49 foxes, 33 minx and 134 weasels.

"There are too many foreigners running around with weapons," remarked Judge McKeen, at Easton, recently, when he sent Joseph Gatchie to jail for two and a half years for slashing John Patro with a razor.

Irvin Fasick, of Mifflintown, was killed at the Standard Steel Works when a block of steel weighing 500 pounds fell from an overhead crane, crushing him.

At a public sale on the farm of Frank Miller, near North Wales, every potato offered was snapped up, buyers paying a uniform price of $3.20 a bushel.

Nicholas Lapon, of Parkesburg, has been committed to prison, accused of criminal attack upon Miss Ethel Walter, of the same town.

Gallagher Brothers, of Chester, have purchased ground at Seventh and Sproul streets, and will build on the site a $40,000 garage.

Quakertown painters have advanced their working scale to 35 cents an hour.

Renewal of a $10,000 appropriation for the Hudson River bridge-tunnel project was effected by the Hudson County Board of Freeholders at Jersey City.

Dredging of the Passaic River to make it navigable between Paterson and Newark has been reported on unfavorably by the Harbor Line Board.

One of the elements that enter into the retardation of the development of Port Nwark Terminal and other meadow lands is the fact that the property is hemmed in by the Central Railroad.

Lloyd L. Simickson succeeds Isaac C. Smashey as president of the Salem Business Men's Association.

Archibald Eichlin, of Bloomsbury, died from injuries received in a fall from his wagon.

At the annual meeting of the Burlington County Funeral Directors' Association, George W. Slack, of Burlington, was elected president and William Grobler, of Moorestown, secretary and treasurer.

John Carling, of Phillipsburg, whose death occurred a few days ago, is credited with operating the first engine that made the run over the Lehigh Valley Railroad between Jersey City and Phillipsburg, in 1875.

The Salem County Board of Freeholders has voted to inspect some of the improved roads of New York State.

George O. Hoch was overcome by gas while at work at the Bethlehem Steel Works, and his death ensued.

Becoming suddenly ill while hurrying to catch a train, Miss Ella Purnell, a middle-aged woman, sat down on the step of the house of John M. L. Black, of Villanova, and died of heart disease.

Surprise was created during the selecting of jurors for the trial of a murder case at Stroudsburg, when the Court declared that he was not in favor of capital punishment. Judge Staples stated that it was merely his personal opinion.

NO FIAT CURRENCY

NATION HAS AN ABUNDANCE OF CIRCULATING MEDIUM.

Never a Time in Its History When the Country Was So Well Prepared, Monetarily, to Meet Any Emergency.

There never yet has been a suggestion of war in this country, or an approach of war, which did not bring forth in congress a flood of bills for the unlimited issue of government fiat currency. The present occasion is no exception to the rule.

But there has never been a time in the whole history of the American nation when such proposals could be so wanton and so utterly without excuse, even from the fiatist point of view, as they are now. The country fairly riots in the abundance of a circulating medium. Its banks are carrying some $300,000,000 more in cash than they were carrying only two years ago. The people are carrying around in their pockets for day-to-day use much more than $300,000,000 above what they were carrying two years ago.

The present per capita circulation of $43.50 is in excess of $8 more than at the outbreak of the European war. It is more than double what it was in the silver and fiat campaign year of 1896 and more than double what it was at the height of the paper-money era of the Civil war. And it is now mostly gold, wheras it was mostly paper and depreciated silver in 1896 and fiat paper in 1865. If this is not enough, there remain to be availed of the largely untouched resources of the Federal Reserve banks for the issue of a sound gold-convertible currency amounting to nearly a billion dollars.

The fiat-money proposers of this time merit the contemptuous neglect of congress, and are likely to get it.—New York World.

"Southern Domination."

The terrible thing about "Southern domination" in our government is not the fact, if it be a fact, but the indifference to it of the North. The Chicago Tribune went to the trouble of writing a letter to every senator and representative at Washington, showing not only how the disfranchisement of negroes gave the South an unfair representation in congress and in the electoral colleges, but also depicting "graphically how the South, dominating congress, has contrived to impose taxes bearing more heavily upon the North than the South while carrying out tremendous pork-barrel raids on the national treasury." What was the result? Of the ten senators from New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia, comprising the East outside of New England, just three replied. Two of these were Republicans, and said that they would work for the reform. One was a Democrat, who was non-committal. The representatives did even worse. Less than a fourth of the 98 responded, 14 favorably, one unfavorably, and nine non-committally. Seven of ten senators and 74 of 98 representatives asleep at the switch! The worst of it is that other sections of the country displayed no great enthusiasm, either. And Penrose, who "assumed leadership" of the movement in this group of states, was at Harrisburg, engrossed in a fight over a very different sort of domination.

President Knew Situation.

It occurs to the New York World to say that "it is doubtful if many Americans today regret that the Pershing force is out of Mexico, or that the Latin-American republics are friendly toward the United States." That is a backward look worth taking, because it places a troublesome problem in the right perspective. Sane persons, with the slightest understanding of the topography of Mexico, and sense of what an attempt "to clean it up" would mean in the way of unifying that country against such an effort, are glad that President Wilson has stood as a friend to Mexico so far as this has been permitted to him. No one will doubt, either, that national preparedness has been advanced by our vexing Mexican troubles. There is no question that the president was knowing to many things of which his critics were ignorant, and so looked farther ahead than they.

Causes of Victory.

"I have studied the result in the presidential election," said a western senator. "In my opinion, the victory of the president was due, first, to the very serious split between the Progressives and Republicans; secondly, to the conviction among the women voters that the president had kept the country out of war, and thirdly, to an appreciation of the progressive legislation enacted by a Democratic congress."

Pershing's Men.

It is reported that a foreign military attache who had looked upon the German, Japanese and British troops, both in peace and in action, has also gazed at General Pershing's little body of 12,000 men, and pronounced it "the finest fighting machine in the world." Because of this verdict, if for no other reason, the sojourn in Mexico finds justification. For that hazard of new fortunes the government spent much money. If the result has been as the foreign attache has said, never was money better invested.

Too Sick To Work

Many Women in this Condition Regain Health by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Convincing Proof of This Fact.

Ridgway, Penn. — "I suffered from female trouble with backache and pain in my side for over seven months so I could not do any of my work. I was treated by three different doctors and was getting discouraged when my sister-in-law told me how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had helped her. I decided to try it, and it restored my health, so I now do all of my housework which is not light as I have a little boy three years old." —Mrs. O. M. Rhines, Ridgway, Penn.

Mrs. Lindsey Now Keeps House For Seven.

Tennille, Ga.—"I want to tell you how much I have been benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. About eight years ago I got in such a low state of health I was unable to keep house for three in the family. I had dull, tired, dizzy feelings, cold feet and hands nearly all the time and could scarcely sleep at all. The doctor said I had a severe case of ulceration and without an operation I would always be an invalid, but I told him I wanted to wait awhile. Our druggist advised my husband to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has entirely cured me. Now I keep house for seven and work in the garden some, too. I am so thankful I got this medicine. I feel as though it saved my life and have recommended it to others and they have been benefited".—Mrs. W. E. Lindsey, R. R. 3, Tennille, Ga.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Timely Device.

Church—I see a device of spring metal and wire to encircle a person's feet prevents the loss of an overshoe.

Gotham—Why couldn't this device be used to prevent the loss of a fellow's umbrella?

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

Strawberries derive their name from the fact that they were one time sold strung on straws.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are not a "coal-tar product" nor a "confection," but a good, old-fashioned dose of medicine for regulating the stomach, the liver and the bowels. Get a box and try them. Adv.

Florida and New Mexico are thunderstorm centers. The Pacific Coast is freest from them.

Whenever there is a tendency to constipation, sick headache or biliousngss, take a cup of Garfield Tea. All druggists. Adv.

As there is no success without effort there is no honor without progress.

An umbrella does a lot of good, but it has to be put up to it.

MOTHER'S JOY SALVE

for Colds, Croup, Pneumonia and Asthma; GOOSE GREASE LINIMENT for Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Sprains. For sale by all Druggists. GOOSE GREASE COMPANY, MFR'S., Greensboro, N. C.—Adv.

People are coming to appreciate the beautiful more and more.

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

Giving advice is like kissing—easy and pleasant.

WHAT IS LAX-FOS

LAX-FOS is an improved Cascara A DIGESTIVE LAXATIVE—Pleasant to take

In LAX-FOS the Cascara is improved by addition of certain harmless chemicals which increase the efficiency of the Cascara, making it better than ordinary Cascara. LAX-FOS aids digestion; pleasant to take; does not gripe or disturb stomach. Adapted to children and adults. Just try a bottle for constipation or indigestion. 50c.

For Horses

Horsemen agree that Yager's Liniment is the best and most economical liniment for general stable use.

For strained ligaments, spavin, harness galls, sweeny, wounds or old sores, cuts and any enlargements, it gives quick relief.

A 25 cent bottle contains four times as much as the usual bottle of liniment sold at that price.

At all dealers.

YAGER'S LINIMENT

GILBERT BROS. & CO. Baltimore, Md.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

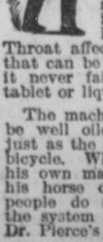
W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 9--1917.

What Is Uric Acid?

Everyone has uric acid in the system, but naturally in small quantities. Excessive amount is caused by eating too much meat and foods that ferment in stomach. The kidneys, being the filters of the blood, are supposed to separate and throw the poisons out of the system. Weak, tired and overworked kidneys fail to do this, hence the uric acid accumulates and the urate salts are carried by the blood to the solid tissue structure, causing backache, lumbago, rheumatism, dropsy, drowsiness, and tired feeling.

To overcome the trouble is only a matter of toning up the kidneys, and this is best done by a treatment with Anuric, three times a day. Anuric is a recent discovery of Dr. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y., and can be obtained at any drug store.

Experience taught Doctor Pierce that Anuric is a more powerful agent than lithia in dissolving uric acid, and it is then carried out of the system.



THE ONWARD MARCH of Bronchitis, and deep seated Coughs is arrested by Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

In those scrofulous conditions of the blood which invite Consumption; in severe, lingering Coughs, and Weak Lungs, which threaten you with this fatal disease, and when other help has failed—this medicine is a *proved* remedy.

As a blood-cleanser, strength-restorer, and tonic it is sure to benefit. In all lingering Bronchial and Throat affections, and in every disease that can be reached through the blood, it never fails to benefit or cure. In tablet or liquid form.

The machinery of the body needs to be well oiled, kept in good condition just as the automobile, steam engine or bicycle. Why should the human neglect his own machinery more than that of his horse or his engine? Yet most people do neglect themselves. Clean the system at least once a week with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1917

REBERSBURG

Rev. Brown and wife, of Allentown, arrived at this place on Friday and on Saturday helped to celebrate the golden wedding of Sidney Krumrine and wife.

John Brumgart, son of our townsman Clayton Brumgart, and whose home is in Iowa, is visiting in this vicinity.

Mrs. Ida Weaver and son Edwin and daughter Miriam, all of Lewisburg, were over Sunday visitors in town.

One day last week while Dr. Bright was out in the country attending to his professional duties, he suffered a paralytic stroke. Harry Corman is taking care of him and Dr. Musser, of Aaronsburg, is his attending physician.

The public sale of farm implements and stock held by Emanuel Confer on Saturday was well attended and things brought top notch prices. Mr. Confer will leave next week with his family for Tyrone where he has a job to drive a team.

Aaronsburg.

Merchant J. F. Krape is a great sufferer at the present time.

Mrs. Mary Beaver is very appreciative of the kindness shown by her friends and neighbors in her recent sorrow.

Russel Sylvas, of Youngstown, spent a few days here assisting his mother to move into her new home, purchased from Z. D. Thomas.

James Lenker, of Lemont, was here on Thursday to help celebrate the eighty-first birthday anniversary of his mother. We are sorry to say that the aged lady is not in her usual health.

Mrs. Caroline Maize left on Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. William Bohn, at Chicago Junction, Ohio, and other relatives in that state. On her way east she will stop off with her brother-in-law, Samuel Wilt, at Franklin.

Georges Valley

Mrs. Charles Ripka and son Lloyd spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Lingle, at Sober.

S. W. Decker and A. F. Vonada made a business trip to Bellefonte one day last week.

P. A. Auman left for Bellefonte on Monday morning where he will serve as a juryman this week.

W. F. McClellan and family of Spring Mills spent Sunday at the home of F. M. Ackerman.

W. P. Fetterolf and E. D. Foust spent Sunday afternoon at the G. F. Breon home.

Mrs. J. C. Barger and Mrs. C. W. Lingle were visisors at the home of Mrs. J. T. Foust, Saturday.

Quite a number of I. O. O. F. members and their families, of this place, attended the banquet held in the Grange Hall at Spring Mills last Thursday evening.

Woodward.

Messrs. J. L. Kreamer and Samuel Kreamer spent a day last week at the home of Clayton Boob in Millheim.

James Voneida, D. J. Benner and daughter transacted business in Millheim Saturday.

The members of the P. O. S. of A. with their families held a banquet at the hotel Saturday evening.

Miss Florence Sheesley left for Milton Saturday where she will be employed.

Mrs. Blanche Sebel left for her home in Cincinnati, Ohio, after spending a week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moyer.

Mrs. Jane Decker left for Yeagertown Monday morning where she will be employed at the home of Allen Hess.

Pleasant Gap.

Mr. Herron, of this place, made a short business trip to Pittsburgh last week.

Mrs. Frank Knarr, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Hile.

Mrs. Jacob Otz and children of this place departed Saturday morning for an indefinite visit with her mother at Reading.

Samuel Irvin of Sandy Ridge spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Irvin.

Harry Appleby, of Harrisburg, former superintendent of White Rock, spent a few days last week in Bellefonte and Pleasant Gap.

He "Hanged" His Dogs.

It is said that a certain dog owner living in an adjoining county was "too slick" for the assessor when he made his rounds registering dogs for tax. It was known that this man had several dogs, but he told the official that he hanged those for which he was not paying. After the assessor left, the admirer of the canine tribe went to the barn and cut down several burlap sacks in which the fugitive dogs were hanged. They soon joined the dog anthem quite familiar around the premises.

The total estimated value of cattle other than milch cows in the State is $19,996,900.

COMFORT HOUSES.

Little Talks on Health and Hygene, by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., D. Sc., Commissioner of Health.

Comfort houses in cities and towns are essential to the health and comfort of our people, yet in Pennsylvania the traveling public that comes to a town for a day or two for sightseeing is not provided with lavatories or comfort houses.

These good people, often strangers in our towns, are driven into saloons in search of lavatories, and men often buy a drink before leaving as they feel indebted to the innkeeper. In many cases this drink may be taken for the first time by one of weak character, who has not sufficient force of mind to deny himself another. It is the beginning of a sad ending for the young fellow.

On Sundays and holidays, when the stores and taverns are closed, our visitors are hard set to find places of rest and comfort. Comfort houses, kept in sanitary condition, cost some money, but how essential they are!

The absence of such houses, not only causes discomfort, but ill health.

When Governor Tener gave the Health Department charge of Gettysburg to prepare it the great meeting of the Blues and Grays at the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg, and we were reviewing the necessary things to be done, such as ample water supply, hospitals, dispensaries, sewage disposal, etc., we conceived the idea of having a liberal supply of comfort stations, well placed throughout the town of Gettysburg along the roads leading to and from the battlefield.

These houses had male and female attendants—thousands upon thousands of people made use of them—and these places of rest and comfort represented a large factor in making our phenomenal health record of this memorable occasion.

During the gathering of the Blue and the Gray at and around little Gettysburg, with a normal population of about eight thousand people, during the seven days, with a census of one hundred thousand people, notwithstanding the old age of veterans and their families, the records only showed nine deaths.

Let our health boards and councils awake to the necessity of comfort houses, designed and maintained to keep up a sanitary condition, and they will help to advance not only the health, but the morals of our people.

Farmers' Institutes Popular.

Marked increase in attendance and interest in the Farmers' Institute conducted under the auspices of the Pennsylania Department of Agriculture has been growing in various sections of the State during the present season of institutes and shows that the farmers are looking forward to one of the best sessons of agriculture in the history of the State.

Reports of institutes held in forty-five counties show a total attendance of over 20,000 more persons that in the same counties last year and in several of the counties the full allotment of days has been completed. It is expected that the total attendance figures for the season will reach a higher total than for a number of years.

Despite unfavorable weather conditions, the attendance in York county broke the record and was close to the 14,000 mark for the fourteen days of institute. In Somerset county 5,490 people attended as compared with 3,390 a year ago, while in Indiana county the attendance was 5,020 as compared with 2,854 a year ago.

Washington, Butler, Beaver, Crawford, Erie, Venango, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Montour, Northampton and other counties show big increased attendance, but Crawford county carries off all honors of the year to date with an increase of from 2,785 a year ago to 10,815 for the institutes closed just a few weeks ago.

The total attendance at the present time is over 130,000 and twenty-two more counties to report it is expected that the showing for the year will mount to over 200,000.

Women in Inaugural Parade.

"The Pennsylvania Women's Woodrow Wilson League, is sending delegations to Washington, on March 5th, to take part in the Woman's Division of the Inaugural Parade. For the first time in history, there is a woman member of the Inaugural Committee, and for the first time women will form a division in the Inaugural Parade.

Those wishing to go with the Pennsylvania delegates, will send their names to Miss Mary Kelsey, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, who is Chairman of the Parade Committee for the Pennsylvania Women's Woodrow Wilson League."

Increase in Soldiers' Burial Allowance.

Representative Charles A. Shaffer, of Columbia county, introduced in the House, at Harrisburg, a bill providing that hereafter when a veteran of the Civil war dies the county shall allow $75 instead of the customary $50 it has paid in the past for a funeral. The same provision is made to apply to another measure relating to the burial of veterans' widows.

March and April Public Sales

[Parties having their sale bills printed at this office will receive a condensed notice of their sale in this column FREE of charge. To others the rate is $1.]

THURSDAY, MARCH 1st, at 10 o'clock a. m., 1 mile north of Potters Mills, Homer R. Treaster will sell farm stock and implements; some household furniture. A clean-up sale. L. F. Mayes auct.

SATURDAY, MARCH 3rd, D. L. Bartges will hold public sale of farm stock and implement on the Bartges farm west of Old Fort.

MONDAY, MARCH 5, all day sale, 1 1-2 mile east of Centre Hill, by Tressler and Dauberman: clean up sale of farm stock and implements.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6th, at 10 a. m., 1 mile west of Madisonburg, on the J. J. Gramley farm by William E. Hagen: Clean up sale of farm stock and implements. Wise & Hubler, aucts.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6th, at 12 o'clock sharp, H. F. Grove, on the W. G. Grossman farm, 1 mile North of Tusseyville, will sell farm stock and implements. Mayes, auct.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7th, at 10 o'clock a. m., J T. Potter and Jas. Callahan, will sell on the old Potter homestead, four miles west of Centre Hall: Farm stock, implements, etc.; clean up sale of everything.

THURSDAY, MARCH 8th, at 10 o'clock, Mathias Weagley, on the Allison farm, 1 1-2 miles North of Spring Mills, will sell farm stock and implements. A clean-up sale.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, at one o'clock. G. W. Tressler will sell at his residence, 1 and 1-2 miles east of Penns Cave: Farm stock, implements and household goods.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14TH, at ten o'clock a. m., L. R. Lingle, one-half mile west of Old Fort, on Earlystown road, will sell farm stock and implements. This will be a clean-up sale of everything on the farm.

THURSDAY, MARCH 15th, two miles east of Centre Hall, by Sharer & Keller: Clean up sale of farm stock and implements.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1 o'clock p. m., to the rear of Reporter office, Centre Hall; Five pairs of mated mules, two years old at time of sale. These mules will be halter broke. Also, twenty or more milch cows, fresh or springing. Also, several stock bulls. Every annimal offered will be sold. Terms, one year. Free lunch. Mayes, auctioneer

TUESDAY, MARCH 20th, 9 o'clock a. m., W. F. Stover, one-half mile east of Penn Hall, on the road leading to Brushvalley, will sell live stock, farm implements and household goods. Wise and Hubler, aucts.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st, 10 a. m., about two miles west of Tusseyville, by D. Geiss Wagner Clean up sale of farm stock and implements.

THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, at 10 o'clock a. m., R. D. Musser, one mile north of Spring Mills, will sell all farm stock, including 30 head of Holstein cattle: also farm implements. A clean-up sale of everything.

FRIDAY, MARCH, 23rd, at 10 o'clock a. m., John Snavely, at Spring Mills, will sell lot of farm stock and implements. A clean-up sale. L. F. Mayes, auct.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 12 o'clock, at Centre Hill, by Lloyd R. Smith: stock sale, consisting of horse, colts, cows, young cattle, hogs and sheep. Mayes, auct.

TUESDAY MARCH 27, the undersigned will offer at public sale the following live stock and farm implements: Seven head of horses and colts; 23 head of young cattle; 22 head of sheep; 14 head of hogs. Farm implements—3 Syracuse plows, 2 Perry harrows, 60 tooth harrow, disc harrow, land roller, Evans corn planter, Albright corn worker, 2 mowers, side delivery rake, hay loader, hay fork, rope and pulleys, Conklin wagon, 2 buggys, New Holland feed grinder, lot of harness and Sandwich Hay Press and Power Sale at 10 o'clock sharp. L. Frank Mayes, auct.
paid C. W. FISHBURN.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28th, at ten o'clock a. m., W. E. Tate, 3 miles west of Centre Hall, on the Brushvalley road, will sell farm stock and implements. A clean-up sale. Harry Grove, auct.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, at one o'clock, Bradford & Son, at the Centre Hall R. R. Station, will sell a lot of New Farm Machinery of all kinds. L. F. Mayes, auct.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at the Black Barn, on State Road between Axe Mann and Pleasant Gap, on

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1917,

the following described live stock and farming implements, to wit:

7 HORSES—1 bay team—horse and mare—horse rising 6 years old, mare rising 7 years old, weight 3400. Grey horse, rising 6 years old, wt. 1550. Gray mare, rising 7 yrs old, wt. 1600. Brown team, coming 7 years old, wt. 3260. 2-year-old mare colt, will make a fine mare. If you are looking for the best horses in the county, come and see them.

20 HEAD MILCH COWS—Some Holstein some Shorthorn and some Guernseys. Most of these cows will be fresh near time of sale. 2-year-old Holstein bull and 1 small bull.

10 HEAD YOUNG CATTLE—These will make a good lot of cows.

7 BROOD SOWS—2 will litter by time of sale, others will come soon thereafter. Thoroughbred Poland China Boar, 45 Shoats.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS—Studebaker 3 passenger automobile, in good running order; 4 2-horse wagons, 7-foot McCormick Binder, 3 mowers, 2 double corn workers, Hoosier 9-hoe grain drill, Hoosier double-row corn planter, 12-foot hay rake, 3 sets flat hay ladders, Acme dump wagon, 3 bobsleds, plank sled, 2 full sets wagon boards, 7 Oliver Chilled plows, 2 18-tooth spring harrows, 60-tooth smoothing harrow, 10-ft. steel land roller, 2 wheelbarrows, hay tedder, top buggy, buggy pole, spring wagon with canopy top, Portland sleigh, DeLaval cream separator, small cultivator, corn sheller, 20th Century manure spreader, potato raiser, Keystone hay loader and side delivery rake, 2 clover seed sowers, picks, grubbing hoes, extension ladders, grindstone, iron bushel measure, etc. All these implements are in good shape, some used but one year.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS will also be sold.

Sale will begin at 9.00 a. m., when terms will be made known by

T. E. JODON.

L. F. Mayes, auct.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—Letters testamentary on the estate of Sarah S. E. Kennelly, late of Gregg township, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

C. E. ROYER,
Spring Mills, Pa.,
Executor.

W. Harrison Walker
Attorney

5.o.10

FOR SALE.—A HOME, LOCATED ALONG the pike between Penn Hall and Spring Mills, Centre county, containing three acres of and. Thereon erected a house, barn and other outbuildings. Known as the Adam Grenoble home. Possession given April 1st, 1917. Further information may be had by addressing J. A. GRENOBLE, Yeagertown, Pa. o8pd

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BEWARE OF sudden colds. Take—

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it—25 cents.

At Any Drug Store

HOME FOR SALE.—HOME, KNOWN AS the Oliver Love place, at Colyer, is offered for sale. Good dwelling house, good barn, new chicken house, all necessary outbuildings. A new well of good water at back door. Four acres of land with good fruit. Large chicken house, 40 feet long, making it an ideal place for poultry raising. Located along public road and mail brought right to door. Very pleasant place to live.

Price reasonable. Time will be given to right party.

Inquire of—

CHARLES WOLFE.
Colyer, Pa.

2 t

$3.00 ROUND TRIP

Washington

The National Capital

OR

Baltimore

The Monumental City

Sunday, March 11

Special Train Leaves

CENTRE HALL

Saturday, March 10, at 11:02 p m

Returning Leaves

Washington - - - 4.15 P M
Baltimore (Union Sta.) - 5.20 P M

See the New National Museum, Library of Congress, Washington Monument, Botanic Garden, Corcoran Art Gallery, and the varied sights of Washington, "The City Beautiful."

See Flyers Consult Agents

Pennsylvania R. R.

CYRUS BRUNGART

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting, Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1916 pd

Insurance and Real Estate

Want to Buy or Sell?

SEE US FIRST

Chas. D. Bartholomew

CENTRE HALL, PA.

WANTED.—Men to cut chemical wood in Greens Valley. Steady work that will last for 2 to 3 years. Good size timber to work in. Will pay $1.00 a cord (not ranked, car measure.) The cutting is located about three miles from Centre Hall. Apply to L. G. Barnes, Centre Hall. Bell phone.

"Those Pesky Punctures Picked My Pockets"

HOW much money have you spent—how much worry, annoyance and loss of time have you suffered—from punctures and "blowouts"? What would you give to be absolutely *free* from these costly and disagreeable incidents of motoring?

We can show you a way to do it—equip your car with ESSENKAY, the *real* substitute for air in automobile tires and never again will a "flat tire" have any terrors for you.

ESSENKAY "ENDS TIRE TROUBLES"

No More Punctures or "Blowouts"

ESSENKAY Tire Filler is no experiment. It is a demonstrated positive success it prevents punctures and "blowouts," doubles tire mileage, cuts tire cost in half; rides like air over smooth surfaces and easier than air over rough roads; does away with the expense and added weight of extra tires, tubes, rims, etc.

We are the exclusive agents for ESSENKAY. We install it in your car, and give you a careful, continuous, personal service that insures you absolute freedom from tire troubles.

Come in Today—Don't Delay!

D. S. ISHLER, Agent, Centre Hall, Pa.

WANTED—AT LEWISTOWN HOSpital, Lewistown, Pa. Young women to train as nurses. 3-year course. A High school education is desired and they should be not younger than eighteen years of age. For further information apply to Lewistown Hospital, Lewistown, Pa—

G. W. MOORE, R. U., Supt.

7.o.12

JAMES W. SWABB

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c, written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates. Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Applications Blanks kept on hand. Nov. 25 1 yr.

OILS & GASOLINE

I receive carload shipments and can supply you at all times at low est prices

Bring your barrels and drums and try my oils and gasoline.

William McClenahan
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR
CENTRE HALL, PA.

STUDENTS!
The
Spring Mills Normal

will open about

MONDAY, APRIL 25th
for Six Weeks' Term

Any Grade Scholars Admitted

Special Attention Given Those Who Wish to Prepare for College or for Teaching.

Normal will continue throughout the summer for those desiring to continue studies.

For further particulars address—

W. V. GODSHALL, B. S., M. S.
Spring Mills, Pa.

Oysters

From now you will find us supplied with the choicest quality of Oysters the market affords.

Two grades—for stewing and frying.

FRESH CRACKERS
THE GOOD CRISPY KIND, that fairly melt in the mouth.

BREAD, PIES AND CAKES
ALWAYS FRESH AND GOOD

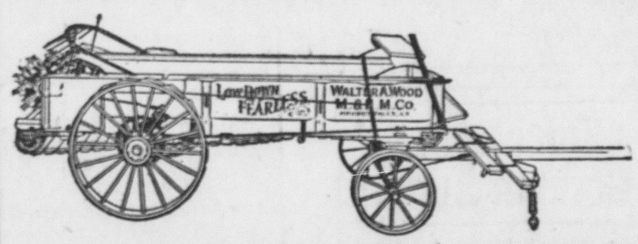
CANNED GOODS
of various kinds.

Pennington's
BAKERY
In the Hotel Building
CENTRE HALL

Centre Reporter, $1.50 per year.

MR. FARMER—

Now is the time to investigate that Manure Spreader you've been thinking of buying. But before you purchase look into the merits



of the LOW-DOWN FEARLESS—the Spreader with the circular beater.

Also, the vertical and floating frame Mowers.

A full line ot the famous Walter A. Wood farm implements.

Also, Black Hawk Corn Planters, Crown Grain Drills, Blizzard Ensilage and Feed Cutters, and everything for the farm, and I think I can save you money on your needs for the farm.

If you are in the market for anything let me hear from you.

Cleve H. Eungard :: Spring Mills, Pa.

DO YOU OWN AN EDISON

Standard, Home or Triumph Phonograph?

For a small sum you can have your instrument brought right up to date by having it equipped with Mr. Edison's new attachment which permits the playing of the New Blue Amberol Four-Minute Records. The cost of the attachment is as follows:

For Standard Instruments	$5.50
For Home - - - - -	6.75
For Triumph - - - - -	6.75

All of the above attachments include a genuine Diamond Point Reproducer—Mr. Edison's very latest.

Bring your phonograph and have this excellent improvement added.

J. L. DECKER, Centre Hall, Pa.